

LOGIPRO

<http://doc.freevision.me/logipro>

Recommended Hosting Configuration For LogiPro Theme

To run LogiPro Theme, you must be running WordPress 4.5 or higher, PHP5 or higher, and mysql 5 or higher.

Recommended PHP Configuration Limits

Many reported issues you may run into such as; white screen, demo content fails when importing and other similar issues are all related to low PHP configuration limits. The solution is to increase the PHP limits. You can do this on your own, or contact your web host and ask them to increase those limits to a minimum as follows:

- max_execution_time 180
- memory_limit 128M
- post_max_size 32M
- upload_max_filesize 32M

Verify Your Current PHP Limits

Check them by installing with [this simple plugin](#). In addition, you can always contact your host and ask them your current settings and have them adjust, if needed. Many hosts will try to keep the PHP limits low without reason. However you are paying for it, and therefore should be getting your money's worth.

Install a WordPress Theme

There are two ways going forward to install your newly purchase WordPress theme:

1. Using the WordPress upload
2. Using FTP

Using the WordPress upload

1. Download and unzip the theme archive from your ThemeForest account
2. Log in to your WordPress **Dashboard** (Ex: <http://yourwebsite.com/wp-admin>)
3. Go to **Appearance > Themes**
4. On the next page, click the **Add New** button
5. In the displayed screen click the **Upload Theme** button
6. Choose the file **[themename].zip**, downloaded from your ThemeForest account. Select it and press the **Install Now** button
7. In the next screen, click on the **Activate** link
8. With the theme's name selected in the sidebar follow the theme and demo content install instructions in order to make your website look exactly like in our demo preview
9. Reminder

Don't forget to unzip the archive downloaded from your ThemeForest account in order locate the [themename].zip file needed for the WordPress upload.

Installing the Theme using FTP

1. Download and unzip the theme archive from your ThemeForest account
2. Locate the **[themename]-child** and **[themename]-parent** folders inside the **Licensing & Plugins / full wp theme for manual install** folder
3. Connect to your server using a FTP client and locate the **wp-content/themes** folder
4. Upload the **[themename]-child** and **[themename]-parent** folders inside the **wp-content/themes** folder on your server
5. Log in to your WordPress admin and go to **Appearance > Themes**
6. Activate the Child theme
7. **Attention**

It's mandatory to activate the Child theme and not the Parent one. Find out why in [this article](#) .

8. With the theme's name selected in the sidebar follow the theme and demo content install instructions in order to make your website look exactly like in our demo preview
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Why imported dummy data doesn't look identical on LogiPro Theme Demo?

The dummy data import option from the Import/Export tab of the theme options is not an exact copy of the theme demo but one that is very close. Some of the images and video are not allowed to be redistributed and so it isn't included. In case you'd like to buy used stock materials separately we do provide a full ID list for images. Feel free to ask for it. With each feature update the dummy data is updated to include an example of the new feature(s) and we will continue to update the online documentation with examples and how-tos.

Menu Not Appearing

Please make sure you have generated and set menus on "Appearance > Menus". "Header Menu" and "Logged In Header Menu" menu locations have to be filled to make primary menu work as expected. "Logged In Header Menu" could be usable to use different menu layout than standard, if you are planning to some more with registered and logged in users.

Updating Your Theme

We are strongly recommended to install "Envato Toolkit" plugin for ease of use. Once necessary plugin installed and activated "Envato Toolkit" menu will be available at your admin side. **Important :** If you have missing plugins or having issues to install any of them, all the related could be found under "bundled-plugins" folder within the downloaded package.

User Account Information

To obtain your API Key, visit your "My Settings" page on any of the Envato Marketplaces. Once a valid connection has been made any changes to the API key below for this username will not effect the results for 5 minutes because they're cached in the database. If you have already made an API connection and just purchase a theme and it's not showing up, wait five minutes and refresh the page. If the theme is still not showing up, it's possible the author has not made it available for auto install yet. **Marketplace Username:** Enter your Envato marketplace username. **Secret API Key:** Enter your Envato marketplace Secret API Key ([http://themeforest.net/user/\[your-username\]/api_keys/edit](http://themeforest.net/user/[your-username]/api_keys/edit), [Login to your Themeforest account](#), [Settings > API Key](#))

Backup Information

This plugin will automatically save your theme as a ZIP archive before it does an upgrade. The directory those backups get saved to is [wp-content/envato-backups](#). However, if you're experiencing problems while attempting to upgrade, it's likely to be a permissions issue and you may want to manually backup your theme before upgrading. Alternatively, if you don't want to backup your theme you can check the box below. **Skip Theme Backup:** Strongly recommended [keep unchecked](#).

First Steps With WordPress

Now What?

You've just completed the [5 Minute Installation of WordPress](#) or one-click install from your web host. Now what? Please see following [link](#)

How to create a child theme?

We strongly recommend to use child theme when you want to customize our theme. You can preserve your parent theme if you update the theme. Here is the detailed instruction –

[http://codex.wordpress.org/Child_Themes#How to Create a Child Theme](http://codex.wordpress.org/Child_Themes#How_to_Create_a_Child_Theme).

“Style.css” is missing error, while installing theme

You will get this error if you are not installing a theme correctly. To install a theme properly please follow these steps:

1. Unzip the downloaded archive
2. Find the “logipro.zip” file
3. Install the file

Enjoy.

Single Post / Project 404 Error

To fix this follow the steps below:

1. Go to Dashboard > Settings > Permalinks and change the permalink structure to something else and save the changes.
2. Set the permalink structure back to the desired format and save again.

Now all the post types should be displayed correctly.

How to use the Revolution Slider WP Plugin ?

Please see ThemePunch's documentation about their plugin [here](#) .

How to translate a theme

Our Themes are translation-ready. Every theme contains a language file with the file ending .pot (located in ``wp-content/themes/themename/lang/``) which you can use to translate the theme. The .pot file is basically a list of all the text lines used in the theme files in English language. Moreover a theme includes **.po** and **.mo** files. First are created from the .pot file and contain both the original language (English) and all translated text strings from the translated language. Therefore these files are named according to their language codes. (de_De.po, nl_NL.po or es_ES.po for example). The .mo files are just compiled exports from the .po files and used by WordPress to translate the theme. The easiest way to translate your theme locally is by using the [PoEdit](#) program. Download the files (located in ``wp-content/themes/themename/lang/``) to your local computer, and edit via PoEdit program.

Overriding a script from the parent theme

Sometimes customization of a theme can't be achieved only by editing the php files. In few cases you will need to make changes to the scripts too. In order achieve this you will need to deregister a script from the parent theme and use another in your child theme. Here is the example code that you need to paste in function.php from child theme:

```
<?php
function register_custom_child_script(){
    wp_deregister_script( 'logipro.js' );
    wp_enqueue_script( 'logipro', get_stylesheet_directory_uri() .
    '/scripts/logipro.js', false,true );
}
add_action('wp_enqueue_scripts', 'register_custom_child_script');
?>
```

After this you will be able to use logipro.js script from your child theme folder.

How to add own favico?

Add your own Favicon

If you aren't familiar with [Favicons](#), they are the little images that show in the browser tabs or bookmarks for a site. They take a bit more care when creating the image file since they are so small but there are some great resources on the web to make that easier.

Setting up Your File

A quick Google for "Creating your own Favicon" should help you find one of the many sites available these days which will help you in creating your file.

Upload the Favicon file

Once you have your new favicon created and read you can upload it to the Appearance > Customize > Site Identity tab and the theme will then add it to the site code so that browsers can recognize it. (see attached screenshot)

Full Page Revolution Slider

If you like to build a full page revolution slider, please follow the steps below.

Main Slider Settings

Slider Title: *

The title of the slider. Example: Slider1

Slider Alias: *

The alias that will be used for embedding the slider. Example: slider1

Slider Shortcode:

Source Type: ☐ Posts ☐ Specific Posts ☒ Gallery **1**

Slider Layout: ☐ Fixed ☐ Custom ☐ Auto Responsive ☒ Full Screen **2**

Offset Containers: **3**

Example: #header or .header, .footer, #somecontainer | The height of fullscreen slider will be decreased with the height of these Containers to fit perfect in the screen

Min. Fullscreen Height:

FullScreen Align: ☐ On ☒ Off

Force Full Width: ☐ On ☒ Off

Grid Settings: Grid Width: **4** Grid Height: **5**

Layout Example Can be different based on Theme Style

BROWSER **SLIDER**

CAPTIONS GRID

Save Settings **Delete Slider** **Close** **Edit Slides** **Preview**

General Settings

Delay [?]

Shuffle Mode [?] ☐ On ☒ Off

Lazy Load [?] ☐ On ☒ Off

Use Multi Language (WPML) [?] ☐ On ☒ Off

Stop Slider [?] ☐ On ☒ Off

Stop After Loops [?]

Stop At Slide [?]

Google Font Settings

Position

Appearance

Navigation

Thumbnails

Mobile Visibility

Alternative First Slide

Reset Options

Troubleshooting

First of all, you have to use "Revo Full" [page template](#).

1. Select your slider type.
 2. Select your Slider Layout as Full Screen.
 3. Offset containers, this is important. You have to use "**#revo-offset-container**" in order to make it work as expected. **NOT NECESSARY**
 4. Grid Settings, Grid Width we have used 1920
 5. Grid Settings, Grid Height we have used 890
-

How to set home and blog pages

Make your homepage the blog

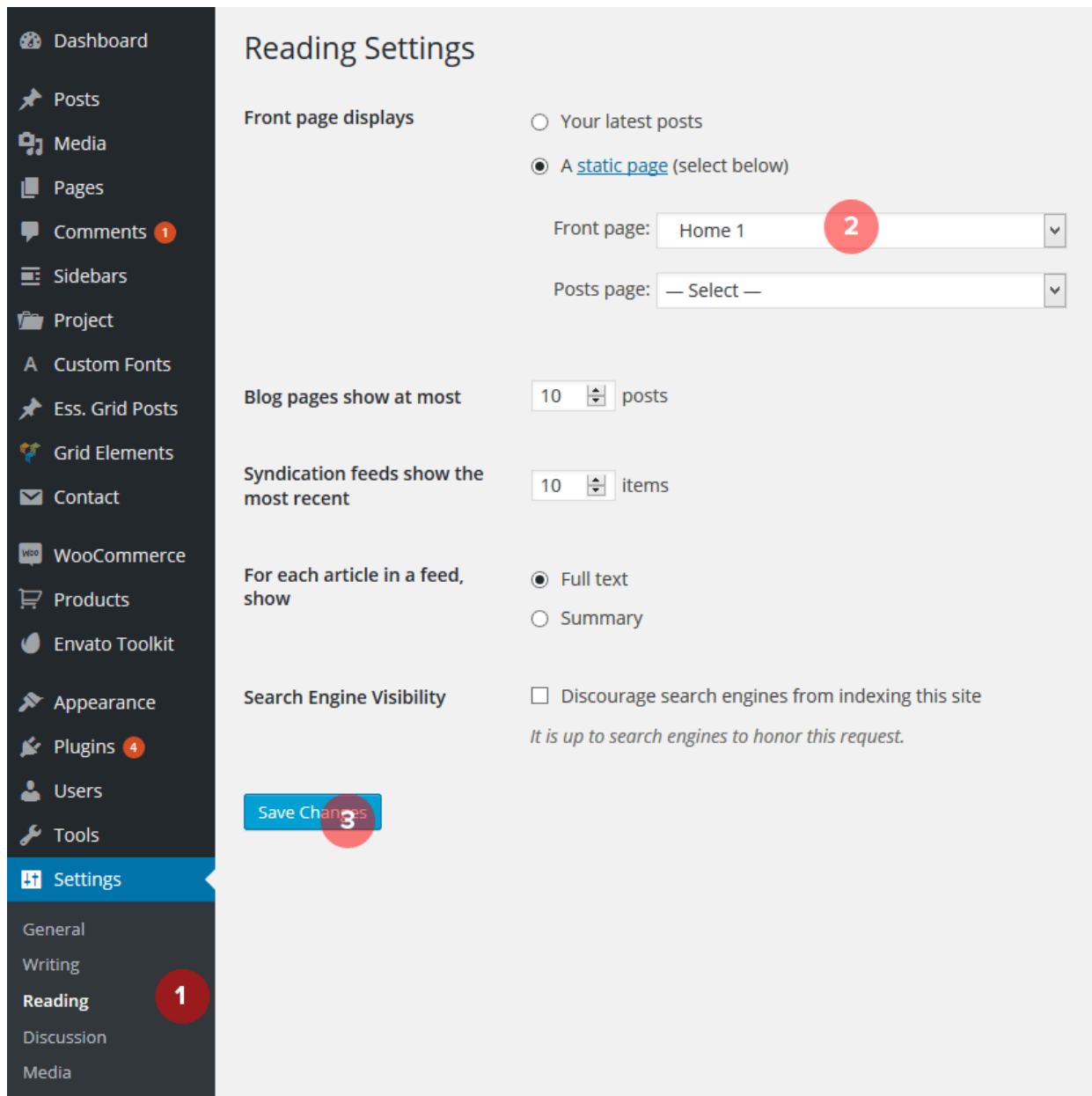
If you want to have the home page default to your blog then you don't need to select anything from the Frontpage Settings dropdown. All of your posts will automatically show on your home page. You can set the number of posts to show from your WordPress Settings>Reading page.

Set a Page as your Homepage

Use the dropdown to select any previously created page as your homepage instead of showing blog posts. Once you've saved these settings you can visit your site and you will see a static page instead of blog posts. You then have the choice of choosing a specific page to automatically output your blog posts just like the front page would be default.

Choose the layout of your Blog Page

LogiPro lets you choose a number of options for how your Blog and posts will look throughout your site. All options are in the customize options "Appearance > Customize > Layout Options > Content/Page/Post" tab. Also you can choose a blog listing template via "page templates" (see attached screenshot)



How to choose a Blog Template

Please see attached screenshot.

Page Attributes▲

Parent

(no parent)▼

Template

Blog : Full Page▼

Default Template

Blog : Big

Blog : Full Page

Blog : Hover Box

Blog : Regular

Countdown

Full Page Revolution Slider

Multi Scroll

Portfolio Listing▲

Redirect To First Child

Transparent Content Page Layout

Set up Navigation Menus

BuildMe Theme support for Custom Navigation Menu, and here are quick instructions on how you can create a custom menu for your theme.

1. Navigate to **Appearance** → **Menus** section
2. If you don't have any menus, create one and click on the **Create Menu** button.
3. From the boxes on the left select pages or categories that you want to include in your menu.
4. A **Home** menu can be found in **View All** tab in Pages.
5. Drag and drop item from your menu to put them in the order you want or to create sub-menus. Don't forget to save your modifications.
6. Assign your menu to a theme location, or create a new custom menu if your theme has more than one navigation. (see attached screenshot)

The screenshot displays the WordPress Admin Dashboard's 'Edit Menus' interface. On the left sidebar, the 'Appearance' menu is highlighted, and the 'Menus' sub-menu is selected, marked with a red circle and the number 1. The main content area is titled 'Edit Menus' and has two tabs: 'Edit Menus' and 'Manage Locations'. The 'Edit Menus' tab is active. At the top, there is a dropdown menu to 'Select a menu to edit:' with 'Custom Menu1' selected, and a 'Select' button. A red circle with the number 2 is next to the 'or create a new menu.' link. Below this, the 'Menu Name' field contains 'Custom Menu1', and there is a 'Save Menu' button. The 'Menu Structure' section has a heading and a description: 'Drag each item into the order you prefer. Click the arrow on the right of the item to reveal additional configuration options.' It lists five menu items: 'Testimonials' (Page), 'Company Achievements' (Page), 'History' (Page), 'About Us' (Page), and '404 Page' (Custom Link). The 'Pages' section on the left shows a list of pages under the 'View All' tab, with a red circle and arrow pointing to the 'Home 13' item. The 'Menu Settings' section at the bottom has two sections: 'Auto add pages' with a checkbox for 'Automatically add new top-level pages to this menu' and 'Theme locations' with two checkboxes: 'Primary Menu (Currently set to: Primary Menu)' and 'Logged In Primary Menu (Currently set to: Primary Menu)'. A red circle with the number 4 is next to the 'Primary Menu' checkbox. At the bottom right, there is a 'Delete Menu' link and a 'Save Menu' button, with a red circle and the number 5 next to the 'Save Menu' button.

Where Do I Find Used Stock Images?

IMPORTANT NOTE: All presented, demonstrated layouts has been prepared for only show you visually how capable of and what can you do with it in different industries. Used images in previews such as slider images, thumbnail, all conceptual images **NOT INCLUDED** in the package due to copyright issues. We carefully hand-picked stock materials to create a realistic business website. Most clients/individuals want to keep used stock images. So we provide a full list of used stock materials on demo site. Please [download](#) list file.

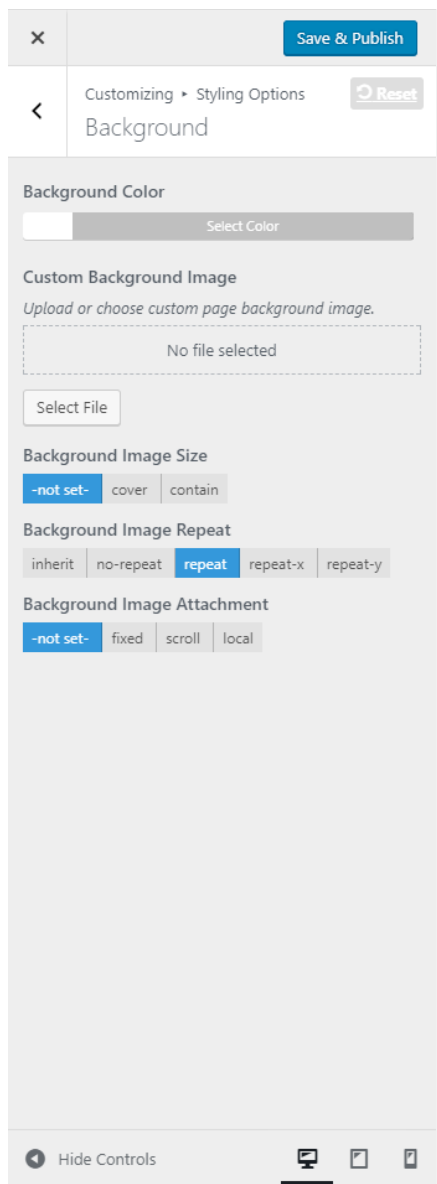
How do I translate the theme into different language?

Translating a theme is very simple to do. This requires you to download either [WPML](#) and or [qTranslate](#). If you want something more automatic, I recommend using [bing translator](#) which is free up to 1,000,000 characters translated monthly.

How To Change Background

Our themes allow you to customize the background of your theme by either uploading an image or selecting a color. Go to Appearance → Customize → Styling Options → Background Styling in your WordPress dashboard.

- **Background Color** : This option will affect only page background.
- **Custom Background Image** : Upload or choose custom page background image. (see attached screenshot)
- **Background Image Size** : Only available on browsers which supports CSS3.
- **Background Image Repeat** : Adjusting image position due to different requirements.
- **Background Image Attachment** : Adjusting image position due to different requirements.



Post Formats

All available Post Formats usable on your theme. See;

- [Standard](#)
- Aside
- [Gallery](#)
- [Link](#)
- Image
- Quote
- Status
- [Video](#)
- [Audio](#)
- [Chat](#)

Standard

Classic post, a featured image could be set and anything could be placed inside of it.

Gallery

Any gallery inserted into post will be converted into Royal Slider based touch slider.

Link

Simply type an URL into your post.

Video, Audio

Paste path of your YouTube, Vimeo or SoundCloud path to use this format.

Chat

Must be in following format in order to work as expected.

Abbott: Strange as it may seem, they give ball players nowadays very peculiar names.

Costello: Funny names?

Abbott: Nicknames, nicknames. Now, on the St. Louis team we have Who's on first, What's on second, I Don't Know is on third--

Costello: That's what I want to find out. I want you to tell me the names of the fellows on the St. Louis team.

Abbott: I'm telling you. Who's on first, What's on second, I Don't Know is on third--

Costello: You know the fellows' names?

Custom Google Map

Standard Google Map with custom coloring options to create endless possibility for your map. Also supports custom pin icon.

Google Map

Google Maps API Key : Please supply an API key in order to run map on your page. Follow "[Learn how to get an API Key](#)" link to learn how to get a key. **Height :** Set a height for your map in pixels. **Address :** Enter an absolute address to point on Google Map. Please confirm your address before publish on Google maps. **Zoom Level :** Select initial zoom level for your map. **Custom Icon :** Upload/Select custom image to use as pin on your map. **Hue Color :** Select a custom color to hue your map. **Saturation:** Enter a value to set saturation of your map. **Lightness :** Enter a value to set lightness of your map. See: <http://logistics.freevision.me/contact/>

Custom Google Map Settings



Google Maps API Key

[Learn how to get an API Key.](#)

Height

600px

Address

3824 Deans Lane, New York, NY

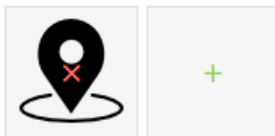
Caption

3824 Deans Lane, New York, NY 10011
Phone : 914-816-1182

Zoom Level

13

Custom Icon



You can select a custom icon for your pin on the map

Hue Color

Saturation

-80

Lightness

0

Close

Save changes

Count To

Sub Title : Counter title **From :** Where counter will start to count from **To :** Where counter has to stop counting at **Sign :** A sign like % or whatever you like to show before or after the number. **Sign Position:** Where sign will be placed. Left or Right options are available. **Fore Color :** Font color of the component. **CSS Animation:** Select type of animation if you want this element to be animated when it enters into the browsers viewport. Note: Works only in modern browsers.

Separator (Divider) With Caption

Separator (Divider) With Caption Settings

Caption Size

h3

Caption

Enter your caption here

Caption of the divider.

Border Style

solid

Border Size

1

Border Color

Select Color

Caption Align

center

Caption align.

Caption Position

overlay

Caption position.

More Customization

off

CSS Animation

No

Close

Save changes

Generates a styled Divider With Caption where it's placed.

Caption: Divider caption.

Border Style: Solid, Dotted, Dashed and Double options are available.

Border Size: Size of divider border.

Border Color: Color of your divider.

Caption Align: Where your caption will be aligned.

Caption Position: Where your caption will be placed.

More Customization : Set it on to enable Width and Align options.

Width: Width of your divider component.

Align: Since you can set a short component via Width option, you can align it to available positions.

Css Animation : Select type of animation if you want this element to be animated when it enters into the browsers viewport. Note: Works only in modern browsers.

Title With Icon

Custom Widgets

Available Widgets

To activate a widget drag it to a sidebar or click on it. To deactivate a widget and delete its settings, drag it back.

(Wedding Planner) Custom Menu

This widget will display custom menu from selected menu.

(Wedding Planner) Latest Posts

This widget will display latest posts in multiple view modes.

(Wedding Planner) Social Bar

This widget will put social site icons which previously set on Theme Options > Social panel.

Archives

A monthly archive of your site's Posts.

Categories

A list or dropdown of categories.

Meta

Login, RSS, & WordPress.org links.

Pages

A list of your site's Pages.

Recent Posts

Your site's most recent Posts.

RSS

Entries from any RSS or Atom feed.

Tag Cloud

A cloud of your most used tags.

(Wedding Planner) Flickr Widget

(Wedding Planner) Flickr Widget for user photo stream!

(Wedding Planner) Motto

This simple widget will display your motto with skewed bar.

(Wedding Planner) Twitter

This widget will get posts from your Twitter account. To set necessary parameters visit Settings > ozy Essentials section.

Calendar

A calendar of your site's Posts.

Custom Menu

Add a custom menu to your sidebar.

NEWSLETTER

Displays a sign-up form for a MailChimp mailing list.

Recent Comments

Your site's most recent comments.

Revolution Slider

Displays a revolution slider on the page

Search

A search form for your site.

Text

Arbitrary text or HTML.

Inactive Widgets

Drag widgets here to remove them from the sidebar but keep their settings.

Archives

Meta

Search

Categories

Recent Posts

Recent Comments

Clear Inactive Widgets

This will clear all items from the inactive widgets list. You will not be able to restore any customizations.

Footer Info Bar

Title:

Content:

Phone : 914-816-1182
Mail : info@weddingplanner.com

☒ Automatically add paragraphs

Delete | Close

Save

Title:

Content:

Salon Opening Hours:
08:00 - 20:00 (Sunday - Off)

☒ Automatically add paragraphs

Delete | Close

Save

Title:

Content:

3824 Deans Lane
New York, NY 10011

☒ Automatically add paragraphs

Delete | Close

Save

Footer Bar Full Width

NEWSLETTER: Join our secret society

General Settings

Title :

Join our secret society

Title #2:

Signup and recive 10% of your first plan

Select a Mailing List :

freevision.me

N.B.This is the list your users will be signing up for in your sidebar.

Sign Up Button Text :

Subscribe

Personal Information

These fields won't (and shouldn't) be required. Should the widget form collect users' first and last names?

☐ Collect first name.
☐ Collect last name.

Notifications

Use these fields to customize what your visitors see after they submit the form

Success :

Thank you for joining our mailing list. Please check your email for a confirmation link.

Failure :

There was a problem processing your submission.

Delete | Close

Save

Footer Bar #1

(Wedding Planner) Motto

Motto:

The
Sky is the
Limit

Footer Bar #3

Text: Contact

Title:

Contact

Content:

5698 12th Street East Winston Salem, NC 27103
hello@weddingplanneragency.com
 +44 568-7878

☒ Automatically add paragraphs

Delete | Close

Save

Footer Bar #4

(Wedding Planner) Social Bar: Follow Us

Title:

Follow Us

Delete | Close

Save

Blog Sidebar

(Wedding Planner) Latest Posts: Latest Posts

Title:

Latest Posts

Type:

list_with_thumbs

Post Type:

post

Order:

ASC

Order By:

title

Count:

6

Delete | Close

Save

Recent Posts

Title:

Number of posts to show:

5

☐ Display post date?

Delete | Close

Save

(Wedding Planner) Flickr Widget: Flickr Stream

Title:

Flickr Stream

User ID ([Get it here](#)):

55138182@N04

Number of photos to show:

6

Type text under widget(Optional):

Image width:

90

Image Height:

90

Delete | Close

Save

(Wedding Planner) Twitter: LATEST TWEET

Title:

LATEST TWEET

Username:

FabioZardi

Sub Title:

FOLLOW US ON TWITTER

Post Count:

1

Delete | Close

Save

Services

Custom Menu: SERVICES

Title:

SERVICES

Select Menu:

Services

Delete | Close

Save

Included 5 custom widgets for LogiPro theme, as listed below;

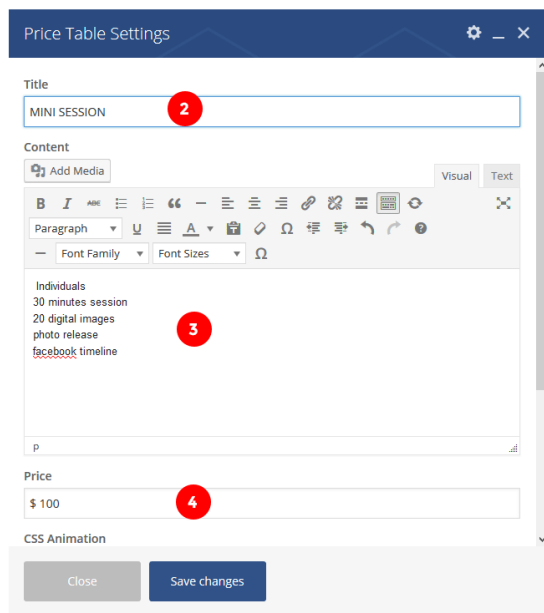
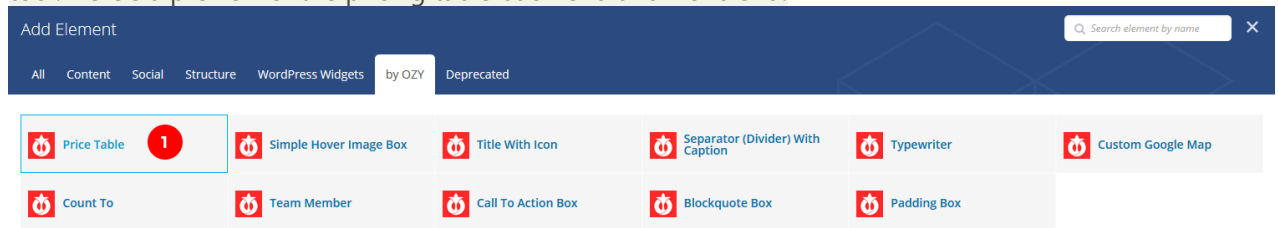
- **Custom Menu** : Create a custom collapsible (accordion) menu from any available menu.
 - **Flickr Widget** : Gets images from desired Flickr source.
 - **Latest Posts** : Will list posts in 3 different type. Very handy widget in case.
 - **Twitter** :Display your latest twitter feed on footer bar.
 - **Social Bar** : This widget will put social network icons which previously set on Appearance > Customize > Social panel.
-

Site Optimization Tips

If your site is not running as fast as you'd like, there could be a few different issues. Please check out official wordpress tips & rules: [WordPress Optimization](#)

Price Table Component

Pricing Table component will help you to publish pricing table on WordPress page. It's easy to manage tool. Here's a preview of the pricing table back-end and front-end.



MINI SESSION		BASIC SESSION	
RESULT	Individuals	Individuals	
	30 minutes session	40 minutes session	
	20 digital images	15 digital images	
	photo release	photo release	
	facebook timeline	facebook timeline	
\$ 75		\$ 150	

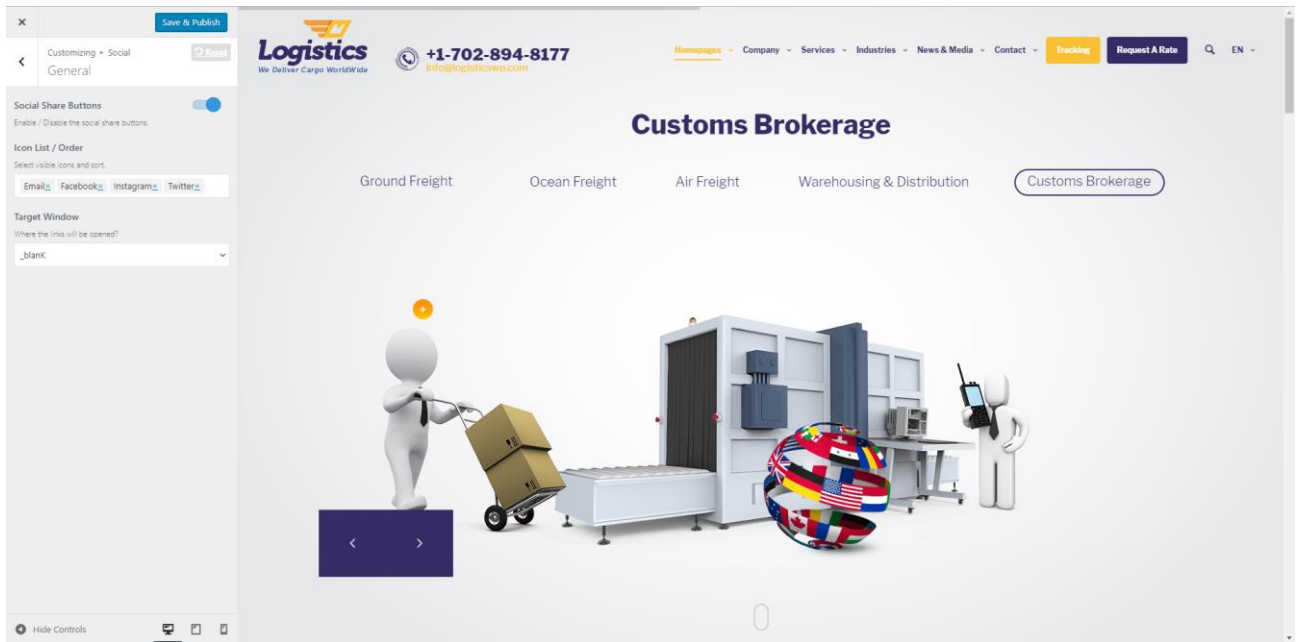
Social Icons

LogiPro includes a large set of social icons that can be used all throughout the theme. These social icons are a custom font icon so will always be super crisp and not require any images. Using a font icon also allows us to have advanced color options. Social Icons can be used in several different areas.

Accounts – Accounts tab in Appearance > Customize > Social is where you will insert your custom social media links for each network you want to display. The URL's you enter on this tab will apply to the social icons in the header and footer. For example, if you want to display the Facebook icon in the header or footer, you need to insert the URL of your Facebook page in the corresponding field. (see attached screenshot)



Icon Sorting – The Social tab in Appearance > Customize > Social also allows you to manually sort the social icons in the order you wish them to appear. Beside each social network field can be sort drag&drop. Use your mouse to drag and drop the field into place. Set the order of icons you desire then click save. The order you set on this tab will apply to all social icons throughout the site: header and footer. (see attached screenshot)



Configure Widgets

To add a widget in your theme's widgetized zones, navigate to wp-admin → Appearance → Widgets. The big panel on the left side shows all available widgets. The small panels on the right are the widgetized areas. **To add a widget:** drag and drop the widget from the left panel to the right panel. **To remove the widget:** drag the widget back to the left panel (Available Widgets panel). If you want to keep the widget setting for future use, drag it to the Inactive Widgets instead of the Available Widgets panel. It will save your widget settings. To retrieve the widget, drag the widget from Inactive Widgets panel instead of the Available Widgets panel.

How to protect my WordPress site?

I personally recommend a few options. First you need to make a [stronger password for your login](#) minimum 12 characters and avoid using admin as your username. Next is to protect your ht-access file. This is where your WordPress theme and other plugins write on and can cause vulnerabilities, I recommend [BPS Security Plugin](#).

How can I make my WordPress site faster?

And next to make your website faster gets a little complicated, so please download [W3 Total Cache](#) after you do that please take a look at some articles to help you further.

How can I perform better Search Engine Optimization practices?

To perform better SEO practices takes a lot more, but this is a great start. This plugin will help you with titles and other seo properties. I recommend [Yoast SEO](#), which is the most popular plugin for SEO.

How many websites can I install a theme on?

Every theme purchase is activated per license, the more licenses you purchase, the more websites you can use your theme on.

How do I receive a refund for a purchase I made?

I believe you will be satisfied with your purchase with our theme. However in case of refund request must contacted with Envato. For more info please check out [Envato Refund Policy](#)

How To Create A New Revolution Slider

LogiPro includes the popular [Revolution Slider Created By ThemePunch](#). This slider is a beautifully animated slider that is 100% responsive and has some amazing options. We cannot cover everything here but we outline how to setup a slider and how to add slides to it. ** Your purchase of LogiPro includes a copy of the Revolution Slider. If you wish to receive auto updates and plugin support from ThemePunch, it requires a separate purchase of the plugin.*

How To Create A New Revolution Slider

Step 1 – Click on the Revolution Slider sidebar item in your admin section, then click the New Slider button.

Step 2 – Select the Content Source type. If you choose Post-Based Slider or Specific Posts, please refer to the Revolution Slider Docs for information on how to set those Content Source types up.

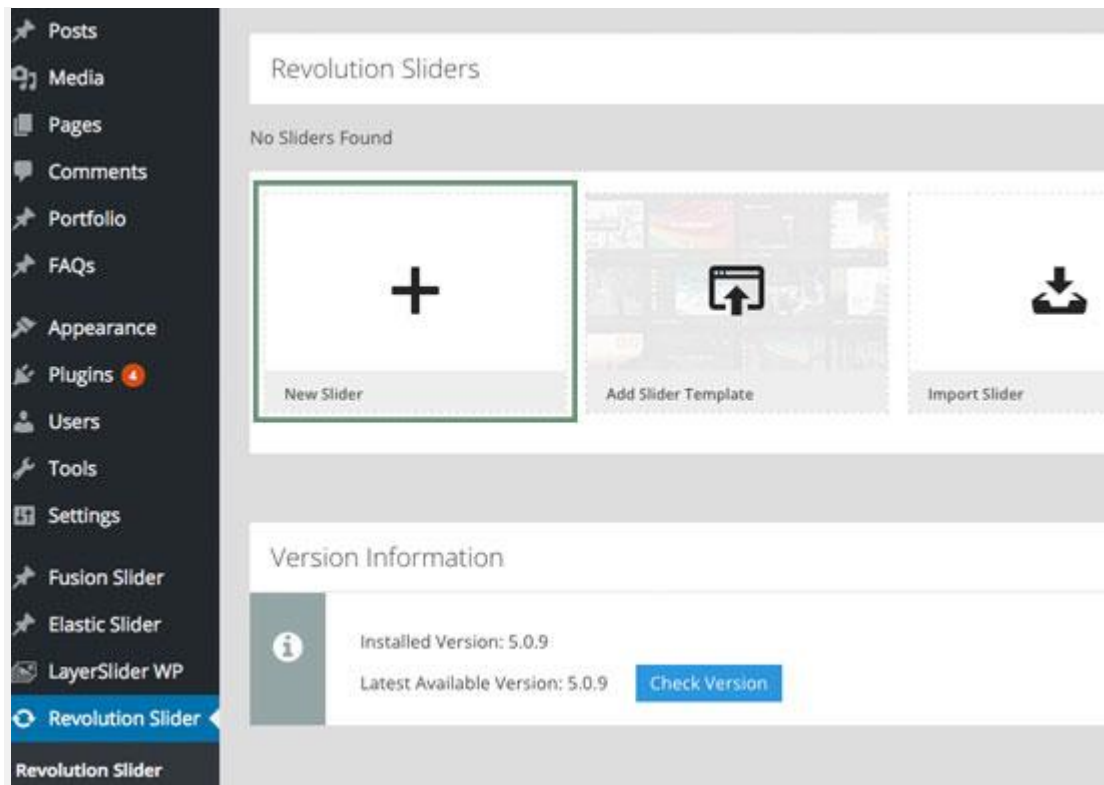
Step 3 – Insert a slider name and alias. The alias text will generate a shortcode that can be used in the editing field of pages or posts.

Step 4 – Then select a layout in the Select a Slider Type box, each type will have its own settings. Once you've selected a Slider Type, you can also choose to load a preset from that Slider Type.

Step 5 – Set the layout and resolution settings under the Slide Layout box. Here, you can set different heights and widths for your slider when viewed on different mobile screens or viewports.

Step 6 – On the right hand side, you'll find many more options you can set for you slider, such as Layout & Visual settings, Navigation, etc. Each option will have a self-explanatory description, so feel free to explore each tab and test the options out.

Step 7 – Once you are done, click the Save Settings button at the very bottom of the page, or the green save icon on the righthand side of the screen.



How To Add Slides To Your Slider

Step 1 – Select the Slider you'd like to add slides to from the Revolution Slider list.

Step 2 – Hover over the Add Slide button and select the type of slide you'd like to add. Once selected, it will create a new blank slide.

Step 3 – You can change the title of your new slide by hovering on it, and clicking the name field. Enter your new name, then click the pencil icon right beside it to save your new slider name.

Step 4 – Before you reach the Slide Editor, you'll find additional tabs that allows you to set the slide's Main Background, General Settings, Slide Animation, Link & SEO, etc. We won't go into detail on what each option in these tabs do, but please feel free to check out each option.

Step 5 – Below the page is the Slide Editor. To add a new layer, hover over the blue Layer icon on the top left corner of the canvas and select which type of layer you'd like to add. You can add a Text/HTML layer, an Image layer, a Video layer, a Button layer, or a Shape layer.

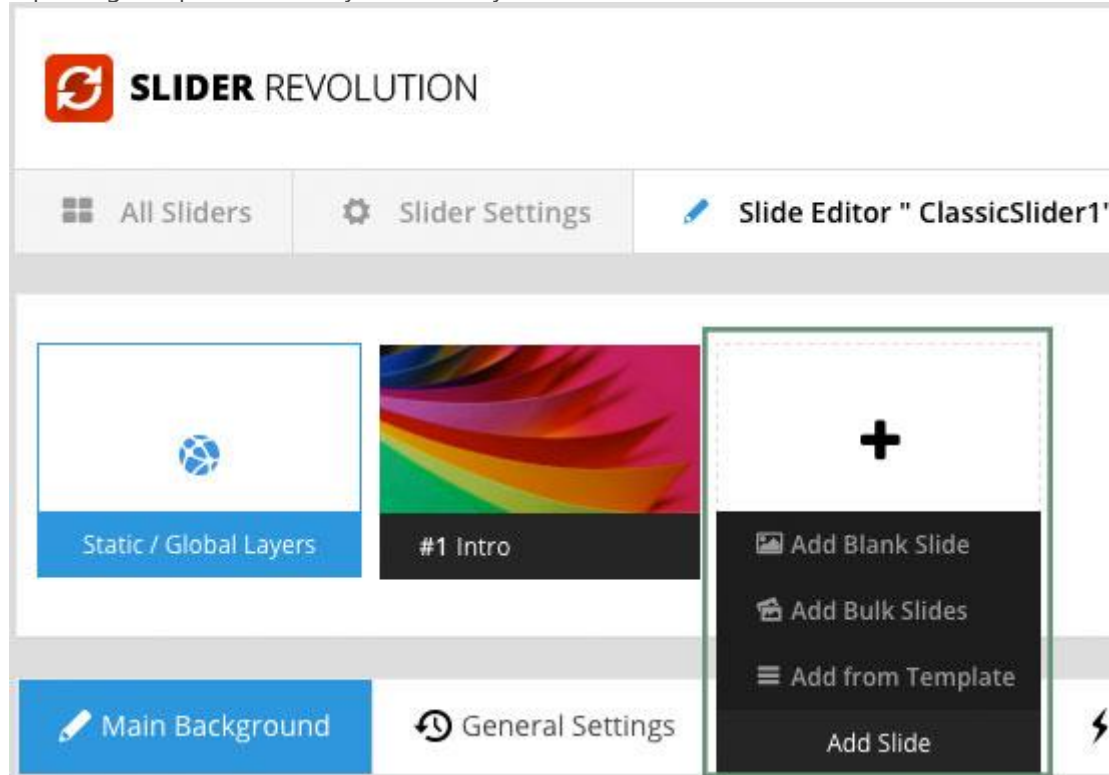
Step 6 – Once you add a layer, You can customize it further by using the tabs on top of the canvas. These tabs are the Style tab, Animation tab, Loop Animation tab, Visibility tab, Behaviour tab, etc. We won't go into detail on what each option in these tabs do, but feel free to check out each option.

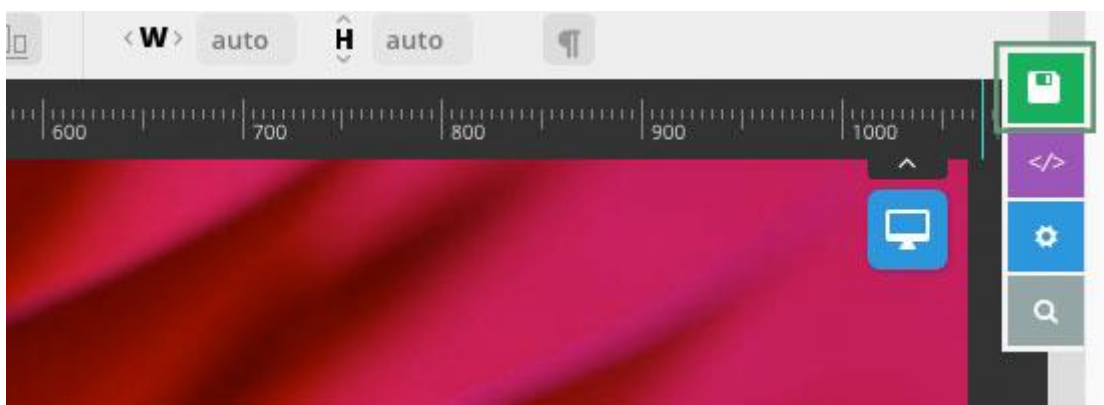
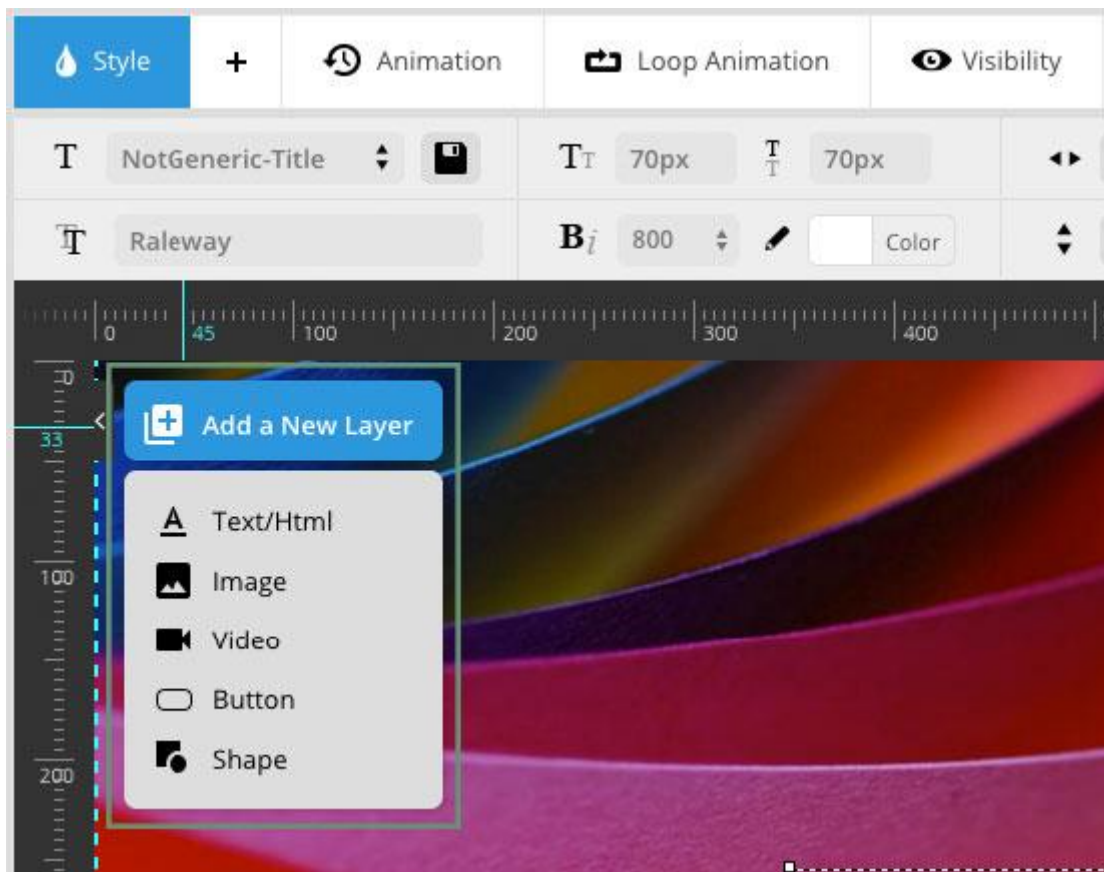
Step 7 – You can manipulate each layer on the canvas using the transformation points and the various icons above it, such as the text icon, resize icon, delete icon and duplicate icon.

Step 8 – To view your slider in different viewports, hover over the blue desktop icon on the top right corner of the canvas. Select which viewport you'd like to view, and the canvas will adjust the resolution accordingly. You can then adjust your slider to fit the current viewport.

Step 9 – Below the canvas is the Animation Timeline. Here, you can see all the layers you currently have. You can rearrange layers here, and you can also click the Play button to Preview the slide's animations.

Step 10 – Once finished, click the green save icon on the right hand side of the screen. Keep repeating this process for any new slides you'd like to create.






Revolution Slider Mobile Padding Class


When using a 100% width slider, content may need to sit directly on the edge of the site width so it aligns with the logo and other page content. However on mobile devices, the logo and other page content has padding applied so it is not right on the screen edge. If you want your slider content to also have the same padding on mobile so it aligns with other content, you can use a custom class on each layer in your slider. Insert **fusion-revslider-mobile-padding** in the "classes" field located in the "Layer Links & Advanced Params" section of the slider creation page.


Here Is A Screenshot That Shows You The Various Areas Of The Slider Creation Page Described Above.


SLIDER REVOLUTION

Help

All SlidersSlider SettingsSlide Editor "ClassicSlider1"

Static / Global Layers

#1 Intro

Add Slide

Each slide you create can be accessed here. You can also add new slides here.

Main BackgroundGeneral SettingsSlide AnimationLink & SeoSlide Info

Access additional settings here.

SourceSource SettingsParallaxKen Burns

Main / Background Image

Change Image

External URL

Transparent

Solid Colored

YouTube Video

Vimeo Video

HTML5 Video

Save Icon

CSS Global Icon

Slider Settings Icon

Preview Icon

You can set options for each layer through these tabs.

Style+AnimationLoop AnimationVisibilityBehaviorActionsAttributesPerformance

TNotGeneric-Title

T70px

T70px

<X>

0px

0px

T

Raleway

B

800Color

<W>

auto

H

auto

This is the canvas where you can edit slides.

Add A New Layer button

Quick Layer Selector button

Choose which viewport to view your slider from here.



I'M OLDSCHOOL

This is the timeline where you can animate the different layers on your slider.

PLAYIDLE

DRAGME

1525354555657585

ZoomOut

Title

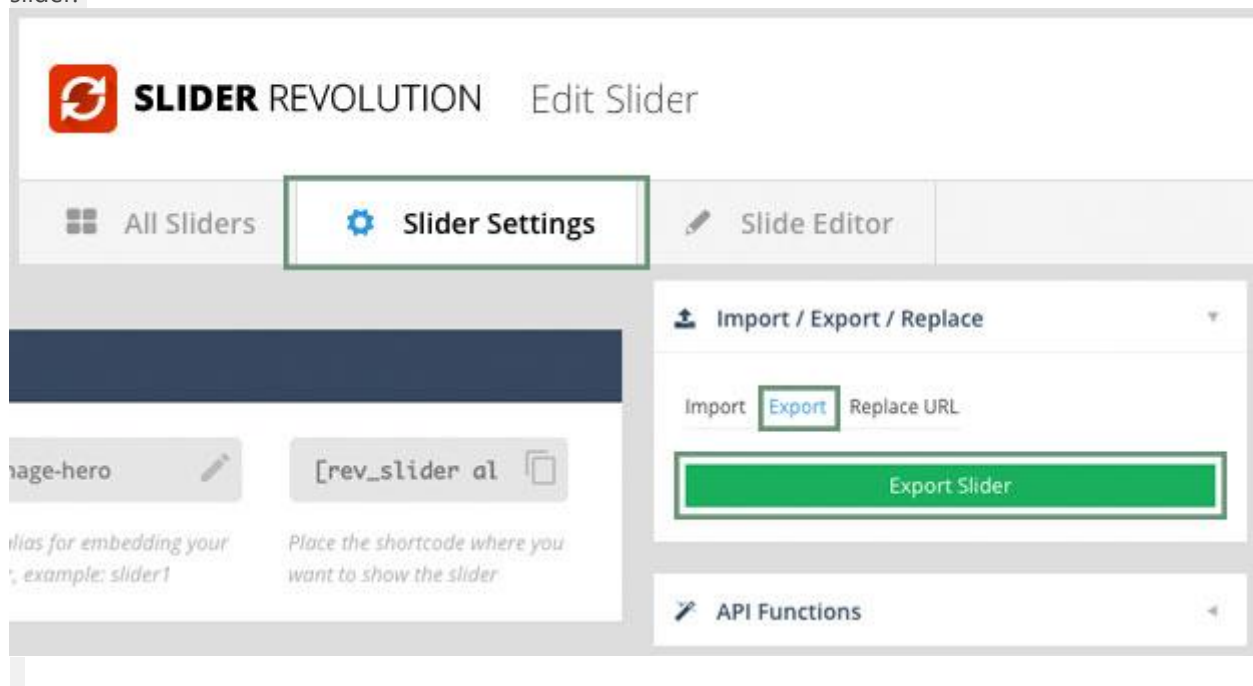
Subtitle

How To Export/Import Your Revolution Sliders

The Revolution Slider allows you to easily export/import your slides. It's always a good idea to backup your slides so you can easily import them again if you ever need to. Making animated slides takes a lot of time, make sure you export the data so you don't ever lose the time you've spent on them. The Revolution Slider requires you to export each slider individually. Export each slide you have made and it will give you an individual zip file that contains all the necessary files.

How To Export Revolution Sliders

Step 1 – Go to the Revolution Slider tab in your WP Admin, and open the slider you'd like to export. **Step 2** – Switch to the Slider Settings tab on the top of the page. **Step 3** – On the right, you will find the 'Import / Export / Replace' dropdown. Click it to expand the tab and view the options. **Step 4** – Switch to the Export tab, and click the Export Slider button. **Step 5** – Once it's finished downloading, you will receive a .ZIP file of your slider.



How To Import Revolution Sliders

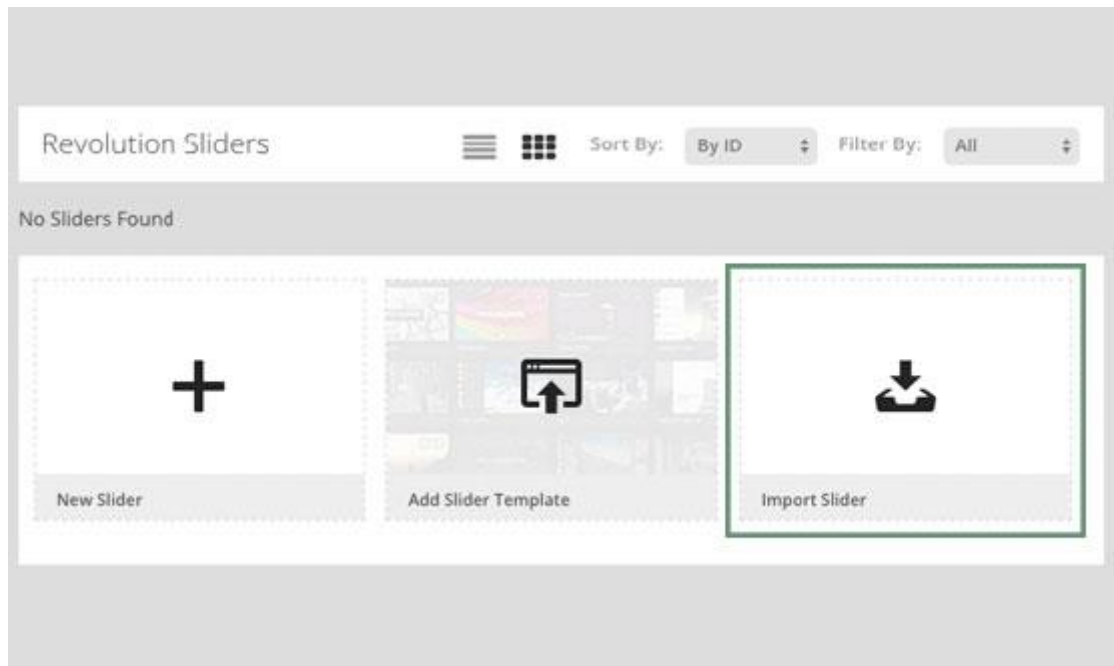
Step 1 – Go to the Revolution Slider tab in your WP Admin, and click the Import Slider button.

Step 2 – Choose the .ZIP file of the slider you'd like to import.

Step 3 – Once you've chosen the .ZIP file, an Import Slider button will appear.

Step 4 – Click the Import Slider button, and wait for it to finish uploading.

Step 5 – Once it's finished uploading, you will now see your imported slider in the list of Revolution Sliders available.



How To Import Revolution Slider v5 Demo Sliders

In the new Revolution Slider version 5.0 by ThemePunch, They've introduced the [Free Slider Exchange](#). The Free Slider Exchange is a database of both official and user submitted slider templates that you can download for free and use on your own website. To learn more about this new feature, please keep reading below.

IMPORTANT NOTE – Using the new 'Add Slider Template' option will *not* work unless you have a separate, registered license for this slider plugin. If you only have the Revolution Slider through the LogiPro theme, then you will need to use an alternative method, explained below.

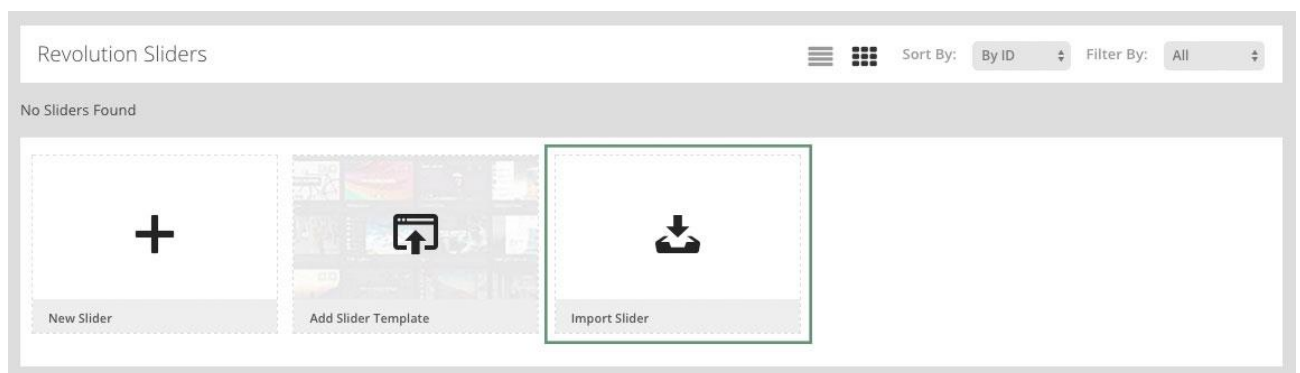
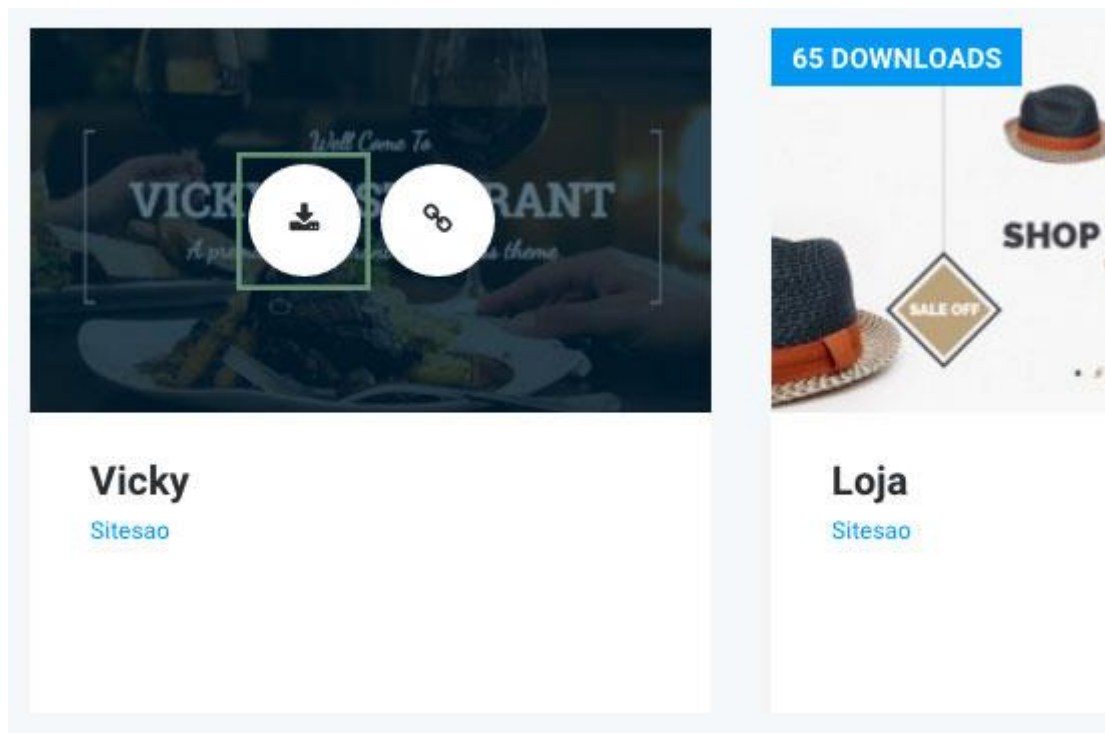
Alternative RevSlider Demo Slider Import Method

Step 1 – To start downloading the slider templates, go to [this link here](#).

Step 2 – Hover over the slider of your choice then click the Download link. A .zip file containing the demo slider will be downloaded to your computer.

Step 3 – Once you've downloaded the slider of your choice, you can now import it. To import the slider, go to your WP Dashboard then to the Revolution Slider tab. Click Import Slider and follow the on screen prompts.

IMPORTANT NOTE – These sliders include all of the media required and as a result some of the .ZIP files are fairly large (Almost 10MB+).



Failed Demo Slider Import

If the Demo Slider Template fails to import and you see the following error:

Warning: POST Content-Length of 15343652 bytes exceeds the limit of 8388608

This error shows us that the server's default `max_post_size` for PHP is less than the imported file size. To resolve this, please contact your hosting provider and request that they change PHP Post Max Size to at least `32M`. Adjusting this is done by increasing the PHP configuration limit in the servers `php.ini` file: `post_max_size=32M`

Before You Submit A Ticket

To help speed along your request, we require that you follow the steps below before submitting a new support ticket. This is for the benefit of everyone and will help make the entire process more efficient. It's very important and we ask that everyone who posts follow these steps.

Please Check The Following Before You Create A Ticket

- Make sure you are running the [latest version of LogTech](#) and the latest version of WordPress.
- Always check the [Important Update Information](#) first.
- Check our [Documentation](#) and [Knowledgebase](#) for the answer to your question.
- Disable any additional 3rd party plugins you may be using to see if it fixes the issue.
- If you cannot find the answer to your question, [fill out this form](#) and our support team will help.

[Click Here To Submit A Ticket](#)

Google Maps Not Working?

There are a few reasons why your google maps may not be working. Please see below for common issues.

Issue 1 – Use a correct address and not google map embed code, or longitude/latitude. It has to be a written address, Ex: **775 New York Ave, Brooklyn, Kings, New York 11203**

Issue 2 – Third party plugins may be conflicting with the map feature. Please disable any plugins that were not included with LogiPro to see if it fixes the issue. If it does, enable the plugins one by one to find the culprit.

Customizing 404 Page

Appearance > Customize > Layout Options > Content / Page / Post : Custom 404 Page option will be useful in this case. But, first create a 404 page as you desired to simply select it from this option.

TypeWriter Component

Do you want to display flash news / post titles in your webpage? This component help to display posttitles in your page as a loop with typewriter effect. Here is how to manage component step by step.

The image shows a step-by-step guide for configuring the Typewriter Component in a web application. The interface is divided into several sections:

- Add Element:** A top bar with tabs for All, Content, Social, Structure, WordPress Widgets, **by OZY**, and Deprecated. A search bar is on the right.
- Widget Selection:** A grid of widgets including Price Table, Simple Hover Image Box, Title With Icon, Separator (Divider) With Caption, **Typewriter** (highlighted with a red circle 1), Custom Google Map, Count To, Team Member, Call To Action Box, Blockquote Box, and Padding Box.
- Typewriter Settings:** A modal window with various configuration options:
 - Static Caption:** A text input field (red circle 3) with the label **OPTIONAL**.
 - Font Color:** A color selection button (red circle 4).
 - Font Size:** A text input field (red circle 5).
 - Font Weight:** A dropdown menu (red circle 6).
 - Type Speed:** A text input field (red circle 7).
 - Typing Speed:** A text input field.
 - Start Delay:** A text input field (red circle 8).
 - Back Speed:** A text input field (red circle 9).
 - Back Delay:** A text input field (red circle 10).
 - Loop:** A dropdown menu set to 'true' (red circle 11) with the label **OPTIONAL**.
- Line Settings:** A modal window for the text content:
 - Typewriter Line:** A text input field (red circle 13) containing the text "Hello, my name is Viktor Alanzo."
- Preview:** A bottom section showing the final result with the text "Hello, my name is Viktor Alanzo." (red circle 12) on a dark background. A red button labeled **RESULT** is positioned above the text.

[illegible]

Settings : LogiPro Essentials

Twitter Parameters

Enter required parameters of your Twitter Dev. account <https://dev.twitter.com/apps>

Consumer Key

Secret Key

Access Token Key

Access Token Secret Key

Save Changes

Plugin Recommendations

If you already have a theme installed, you might want to run a security scan, or have a security-minded developer look through the theme code. Ditto for any plugins you might have.

After you've selected your theme, the next step is to start picking plugins. When it comes to plugins, you need to be just as careful as you were with picking a theme. Even popular plugins can contain vulnerabilities, and developers can sometimes be slow to fix them (or perhaps put them there themselves). For that reason, I recommend using as few plugins as possible to get the job done. That said, from a security perspective, here are the plugins I highly recommend:

- [Better WP Security](#) – This is sort of an all-in-one security option. It handles a variety of tactics covered in this post. Can overlap with other plugins, so be careful. **Free.**
- [Limit Login Attempts](#) – Exactly what it says, and a phenomenal way to deter brute-force hacking attempts on a site. **Free.**
- [Akismet](#) – Great way to filter out a lot of crap before it ever touches your site. If your site is easy to spam, it might also be easy to hack, so make it a hardened target on all fronts. **Paid.**
- [Sucuri Security](#) – When you pay for this service, you get a plugin to install on your site that helps with the monitoring and hardening process. It has overlap with other plugins though, such as Limit Login Attempts and Better WP Security, so you don't want to use all of them at once. **Paid.**
- [CodeGuard](#) – Great backup service that lets you easily roll back if you ever do get hacked. Also, people don't back things up nearly as often as they should, so doing it automatically is handy. **Paid.**
- [CloudFlare](#) – CloudFlare is a CDN, but also so much more. It has some great security features built in, and comes in both free and paid versions.
- [Google Authenticator](#) – Enables two-factor authentication on WordPress, which is awesome. I use two-factor wherever it's offered, because it rocks. **Free.**
- [Stealth Login Page](#) – You can't crack what you can't find. This plugin hides your login page without needing to edit .htaccess files. **Free.**
- [WordPress SEO by Yoast](#) – Not only does this have great SEO benefits, but it allows you to easily edit your .htaccess file from within the WordPress admin, which is very handy. **Free.**

If you opt to use WP-Engine for your hosting, be aware that they are very strict on what plugins they do and don't permit. I find this pretty annoying, and while I understand their reasons, I really like some of the plugins they don't permit.

Installation Instructions

Installing your theme is just as easy as installing WordPress. You are going to have to download WordPress first and upload it to your server. The following will show you how to install and get you setup and ready to go

Installation

First you are going to have to download WordPress and install the files on your server, there are many ways to accomplish this. Please click the following links below to help you further.

- Download the latest version of [WordPress](#)
- Learn how to install WordPress on your hosting provider. [Installation Instructions](#)

Demo Content Saving time on making pages and getting the hang of WordPress and our themes will make your life simpler by uploading the xml file provided within "**dummy-data**" folder, once you have the file follow the following instructions for upload:

1. Log into your site as an administrator.
2. Make sure you *activated your new theme* before proceeding.
3. Go to Tools → Import
4. Choose "WordPress" from the list.
5. Upload the demo content .xml using the form provided on that page.
6. You will be asked to map the authors in this export file to users on the blog. For each author, you may choose to map to an existing user on the blog or to create a new user.
7. You will then have the choice to import attachments, so click on the "Download and import file attachments" box.
8. Please be patient while WordPress imports all the content. Posts, Pages, Projects, and Menus are imported. You will need assign the menu a theme location & you'll need to configure widgets

Upgrading

Upgrading your theme is a simple click process that you will not need to worry. Please make sure to use our theme-child.zip and install it and make changes and add files as you please. All upgrades will of course overwrite any existing changes you made on parent theme, so make sure to install child theme and make changes.

Important FAQ

- **How to optimize my site?** – Please read this article to see how to optimize your website: <http://code.tutsplus.com/articles/10-quick-tips-optimizing-speeding-up-your-wordpress-site>
- **How to protect my site?** – Please check out this website to improve security and understanding ways people can hack your website: <http://webdesignerwall.com/general/how-to-protect-wordpress-sites>
- **How to translate or rename default theme labels?**– You can use Codestyling localization plugin (<http://wordpress.org/plugins/codestyling-localization/>) to

translate/rename all theme's labels. Other solution is to edit theme folder/languages/en_US.po file directly in editor and manually edit labels you want to translate.

Installation Issues

There might be some issues with your theme during the installation. Most of the times installation problems are due to limited resources, e.g. on shared hosting servers. Limited resources can be the PHP maximum upload/post size, the PHP maximum execution time or the overall memory limit.

To solve these problems you can either allocate more resources for PHP by modifying the *php.ini* file directly. Sometimes this is not possible. In this case you can try to set these PHP settings through a *.htaccess* file on your webserver. Even though this also depends on your hosting server if it allows the usage of *.htaccess* overrides. Here's an overview of the [PHP configuration settings](#) you should check and increase if needed:

- 1 `post_max_size`
- 2 `upload_max_filesize`
- 3 `max_execution_time`
- 4 `memory_limit`

To change the PHP configuration through the *php.ini* file use the following syntax.

- 1 **# example of recommended settings**
- 2 `post_max_size = 8M`
- 3 `upload_max_filesize = 8M`
- 4 `max_execution_time = 60`
- 5 `memory_limit = 128M`

To [change the PHP configuration](#) through a *.htaccess* file use the following syntax.

- 1 **# example of recommended settings**
- 2 `php_value post_max_size 8M`
- 3 `php_value upload_max_filesize 8M`
- 4 `php_value max_execution_time 60`
- 5 `php_value memory_limit 128M`

As an alternative you can always use the manual installation explained in our [WordPress](#) tutorial. This install generally uses less resources rather than installing from a .zip file and it resolves these common issues:

- PHP maximum upload/post size limits
- Problems with PHP execution timeouts
- Issues when unpacking the .zip file

Additions Resources

These are additional resources to help you find out what might be causing your WordPress installation to be buddy.

- [WordPress Troubleshooting](#)
 - [Common Issues](#)
 - [10 Most Common WordPress Issues](#)
 - [9 Common WordPress Problems](#)
-

Theme Customization

A WordPress child theme takes the functionality of another theme, named parent theme. It gives you the possibility to customize an existing theme. Instead of modifying the theme files directly, you can activate the child theme and work within it.

All customizations are stored in the child theme and anything in the child takes priority over the parent. So if the same file exist in both child and parent, the file from the child will control that aspect of the theme. Working with child themes, your customizations are safeguarded from future upgrades because you only upgrade the parent theme, which you never edit, while the customizations are protected in your child theme which you don't upgrade.

Why use a Child theme?

Safe Updates. You can easily modify your website using child themes without ever changing the parent theme. When a new version of the parent theme appears, you can safely update it as all your modifications are saved in the child theme. **Easy to Extend.** A child theme has a great flexibility. It does not require writing a lot of code. You can modify only those template files and functions that you need.

Attention

When you install one of our themes you must upload both parent and child theme folders to **/wp-content/themes/** but you should only enable the Child theme via **Appearance > Themes**.

Modifying files from the Parent theme folder

While you should never edit files in your Parent theme, if you really must, the safest way to do it is to download a copy of the file you want to modify on your computer, make the changes, and then upload it into your child theme folder.

Information

This way of modifying the files can be used for any files and folders from the parent theme — but you must re-create the same folder and filenames structure in your child theme that exist in the parent theme folder.

Pages / Post Structure

On-page optimization refers to changes you make to your website pages. There are 3 main tips that would greatly help you in the future when making your pages and posts.

1. Use your keywords in the appropriate places.

The most important places to use your keywords are your page titles, meta descriptions, and headings. While you do not have to fill in a meta description (search engines will use whatever text is relevant), it helps the search engines know what you consider important. You should also consider putting your keywords in bold and near the beginning of your titles, headings, and content (i.e. in the first sentence of the paragraph instead of the last). **Use the right keywords.** Don't target general terms, like "Italian restaurant" or "auto repair." Use "long-tail" keywords to improve your chances. Long-tail keywords are multi-word keyword phrases, typically consisting of three or more words. While each long-tail keyword has much lower search volume than a similar "head" keyword (i.e. "Chicago Italian restaurant" vs. "Italian restaurant"), your opportunity for ranking vastly improves. You simply cannot compete for head keywords. Consider using geographic keywords (state/province, region, city, neighborhood, zip code), specific names of your products/services, and proper names of people (you and prominent members of your staff).

2. Write a lot of content.

The more content you have, the more chances you have of ranking different pages on your website. Unless you do a lot of research, you probably won't know what keywords will give you the most traffic until you accumulate enough traffic data over time. **Provide valuable and informative content on each page and post.** If your content doesn't provide any value to your visitors, or if it is directly copied from another source, it will have little to no SEO value and isn't worth adding. **Don't make your pages too long.** Long pages won't hurt your SEO, but if you separate topically relevant sections into new pages, each of those new pages has a better chance of ranking for different keywords. **Don't make your pages too short.** There are no minimums for page length, but a good rule of thumb is to aim for at least 250 words. If you do not have much content on a page, the search engines might consider the page unimportant.

- Alt-Attributes On Images
- Keyword Focus
- The title tag for your homepage
- The heading of your site
- As anchor text in links from other websites
- Meta Description
- Meta Tags
- SEO Friendly Images

3. Make sure your permalinks, titles, and menus are coded correctly.

(The WordPress software and most WordPress themes do this automatically.) **Use internal links with good anchor text.** An internal link is a hyperlink to another page, post, or file on the same website. Internal links tell the search engines what content you think is relevant to the current page. Anchor text is the visible link text, as opposed to the URL that the link goes to. You should use your keywords in the anchor text wherever appropriate. **Use external links in moderation.** An external link is a hyperlink to another website. Search engines expect you to link to some other websites, but if you use them excessively (i.e. more than 50 on a page), you run the risk of appearing to the search engines as a link farm, which could lead to low rankings or de-listing.

- **Analyze and adjust.** Use Google Analytics or other tracking software to find out what keywords are driving traffic to your website, and to which pages. You can then take steps to improve the keywords on those pages, making sure you do not jeopardize the traffic you are already getting to those pages. If you have pages that are not receiving much search traffic, you may want to consider rewriting those pages with different keywords. You should also use Google Webmaster Tools and Bing Webmaster Tools to identify potential issues with your website.
-

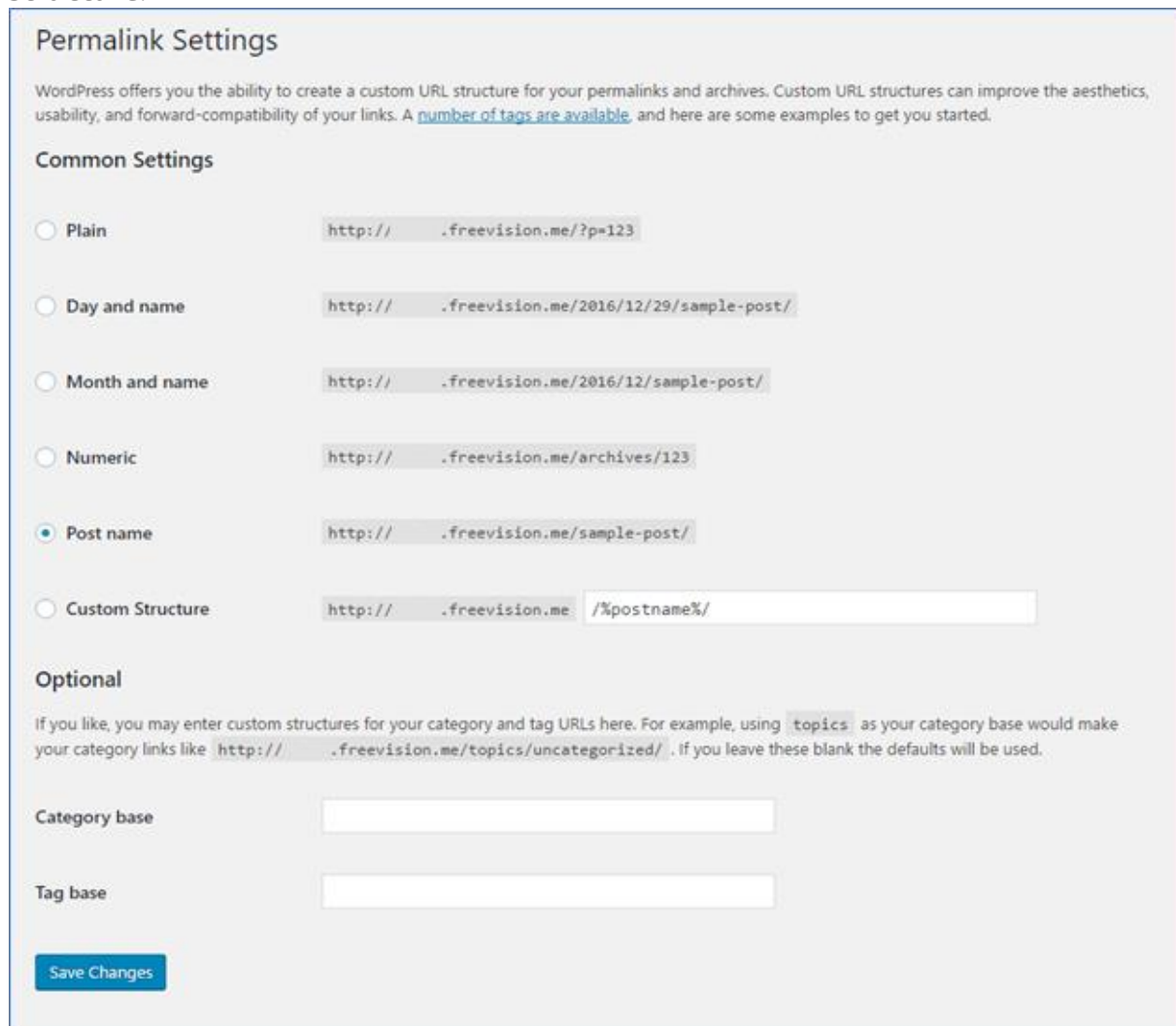
Permalink Structure

When ever we talk about SEO of any site, permalink plays major role in overall optimization. A permalink is Permanent link of your page and posts and it doesn't change with time. By default WordPress offer permalink like this:

`http://logistics.freevision.me/?p=123` Which is not search engine friendly, they miss out **optimizing WordPress permalink for SEO**. In this guide, I will be talking about which permalink structure is the best and will also look into other suggested WordPress permalink structure and why you should avoid them.

Which Permalink Structure is recommended for SEO?

One of the major On page SEO factor is having your Keyword in your post URL (Permalink). Default WordPress permalink is non SEO friendly and when you Install WordPress for the first time and start blogging without making any change, you are blogging with a **non SEO friendly permalink structure**.



Permalink Settings

WordPress offers you the ability to create a custom URL structure for your permalinks and archives. Custom URL structures can improve the aesthetics, usability, and forward-compatibility of your links. A [number of tags are available](#) and here are some examples to get you started.

Common Settings

☐ Plain `http://.freevision.me/?p=123`

☐ Day and name `http://.freevision.me/2016/12/29/sample-post/`

☐ Month and name `http://.freevision.me/2016/12/sample-post/`

☐ Numeric `http://.freevision.me/archives/123`

☒ Post name `http://.freevision.me/sample-post/`

☐ Custom Structure `http://.freevision.me/`

Optional

If you like, you may enter custom structures for your category and tag URLs here. For example, using `topics` as your category base would make your category links like `http://.freevision.me/topics/uncategorized/`. If you leave these blank the defaults will be used.

Category base

Tag base

[Save Changes](#)

You can find various Permalink settings under WordPress dashboard > Settings > Permalink and few suggested permalink structures are:

- Domain.com/Category/Post-name
- Domain.com/Postname (**/%postname%/**)
- Domain.com/postname/numeric-ID

WordPress Permalink for Google News:

If you are running a news based site for example current affairs, Bollywood news, Technology news kind of site, you need to have 3 digit unique ID in your permalink as mentioned in [Google news submission requirement](#).

1 /%postname%-%post_id%/

Some time back Matt Cutts, Google Engineer also changed his WordPress blog permalink structure to domain.com/post-name and here is an explanation from him: Though he didn't mentioned any thing directly about SEO benefits of using simple WordPress permalink, but he did mentioned about such permalink helps in keeping thing simple.

Take away and other Permalink SEO Tips:

- Use Simple permalink (domain.com/postname)
 - Prefer dashes over underscore ([Source](#))
 - **Remove stop words** from permalink like (Is, are)
 - Never change Permalink after publishing & if you do, setup a 301 redirection from old to new URL using [.htaccess](#)
 - Use your Keyword in Permalink
-

Titles, Tags & Meta

One of the best way to keep getting traffic for your oldest of post is make them search engine friendly.

Post Title and Meta title:

The screenshot shows the WordPress 'Add New Post' interface. At the top, there's a button labeled 'Add New Post' with a red arrow pointing to it. Below this is a text input field for the post title, with a yellow callout bubble labeled 'Post Title for Readers' pointing to it. The main editor area has a 'Visual' tab selected. Below the editor, there's a 'Path' field and a 'Word count: 0' indicator. The 'SEO Details and Additional Style' section is expanded, showing 'Custom Title Tag' and 'Meta Description' fields. A red arrow points to the 'Custom Title Tag' field, which has a blue callout bubble labeled 'Post tile for Search Engine' pointing to it. The 'Meta Description' field is also visible below it.

First thing which I want you to understand is how post title and Meta title are different.

- Post title: That's how your reader will see the post
- Post Meta title: That's what search engine will see and show in search result.

Though it's always a good practice to keep your target Keyword in Post title and meta title. Usually your Post title is H1 tag and it's important to have your Keyword in post title.

Tip: Keep post title less than 66 characters

Post Meta Keywords:

SEO Details and Additional Style

Custom Title Tag [+] more info

How to Cancel Sent friend Request on Facebook

custom <title> tag **45** Search engines allow a maximum of 70 characters for the title.

Meta Description [+] more info

Simple tip to cancel the sent friend request on Facebook. This tip will help you to drop the earlier friend request which you can have sent to anyone on Facebook.

<meta> description **162** Search engines allow a maximum of roughly 150 characters for the description.

☐ force search engines to pull a <meta> description based on the content of the page

Meta Keywords [+] more info

cancel friend request Facebook, Sent friend request Facebook

<meta> keywords

This is one of the most crucial part which we tends to ignore. Every post you write is important from ranking and traffic point of view. Google sees every blog post as a different webpage, so you can rank every post for certain keywords. **Most common mistake which we make is by using the generic keywords in every blog post.** Use **Keyword research tool or tool** like [Traffic trAVIS](#) to see Keyword competition and searches/month. This will help you to pick the best Keyword. Now, use the same Keyword in your post title, post description and in Meta keywords. Though, Google says they don't give any weight-age to Meta keywords, so you can ignore this. But, in such case always try to bold your keyword within post. Now you have *keywords and post title* with you, when you write a post, you should mention the keywords in the post. How Google is going to see this post, it will see the meta keywords and will try to find keywords in the post.

Image Alt attribute:

File name: Online-_Virtual_keyboard2.png
File type: image/png
Upload date: March 27, 2011
Dimensions: 903 x 329

Edit Image

Title *
Online _Virtual_keyboard

Alternate Text
Online |virtual keyboard
Alt text for the image, e.g. "The Mona Lisa"

Caption

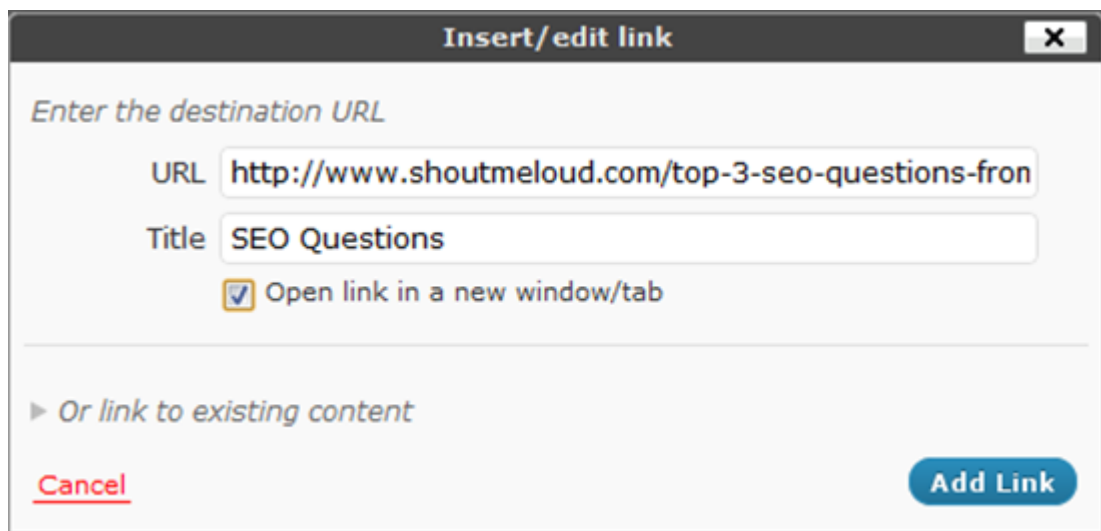
Description

File URL
http://www.shoutmeloud.com/wp-content/uploads/2011/03/Online-_Vir
Location of the uploaded file.

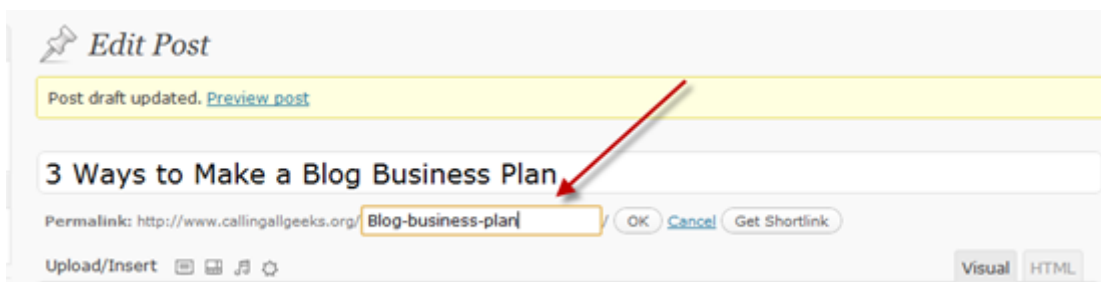
This is one thing which we usually ignore. We use software's like Snag it or use sites to find the image for post. Though we never tend to optimize the images for keywords. Most of the time images have name like image001.JPG and so on. It's always a good idea to keep the name relevant to image itself. For example, you take a screenshot of Adsense dashboard and now you use name as adsense. Again it's not targeted. You should rather use name as Adsense-dashboard. We use a useful plugin call SEO friendly Image, which uses the image name as ALT attributes and thus when people search for image in Google Image search, will land on your blog post. If not, you can always manually add Alternate text while you upload an image. I have seen positive effect of using Keyword in image anchor text, so atleast use your Keyword in one of the image alt text.

Interlink and Anchor text:

When we write a new post, it's always a good idea to link back to old post. So that readers will find the old posts and also search engine will re-crawl the old blog post. Now when you interlink, you should use the anchor text technique to interlink. In simple words, when you link to a blog post, you see an option to add Link and title. Make sure you fill out the post title or main keywords for the post you are linking to.

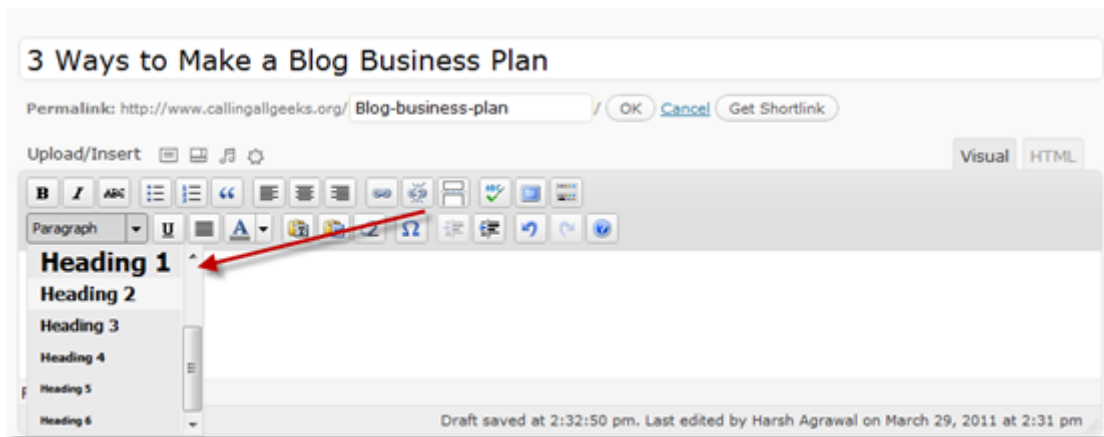


Permalink and remove stop words:



When we write a post, we usually use post title with lots of stop words. You can find a comprehensive list of [Stop Words here](#) and [here](#). So for example, when we write a post with title: 3 ways to make a blog business plan. Your post permalink by default would be: *domain.com/3-ways-to-make-a-blog-business-plan.html* Now there are many stop words in this: For example: to, a. You can click on edit permalink and change the permalink to *Blog-business-plan*.

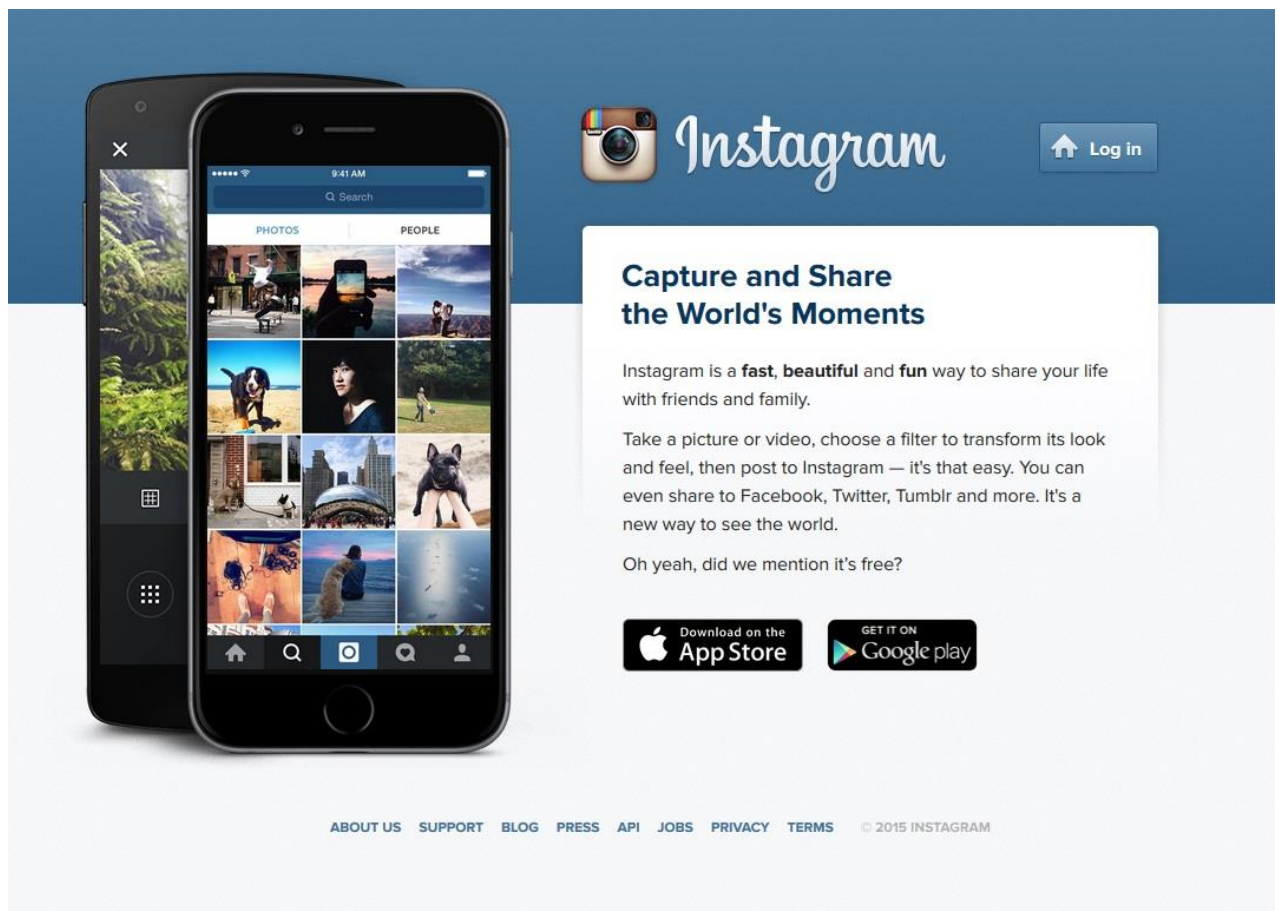
H1, H2, H3 Headings:



By default in any SEO optimized theme, post title is H1 tags. So for next sub heading you can use H2 heading, and H3 heading and so on. Specially when you writing a long post, it's always a good idea to use proper heading tags for effective SEO. You can refer to following posts for better understanding of how to use headings within blog posts. < [Link1](#) > <Link 2> According to SEO community, it's a good idea to use your Keyword in H1, H2, H3 Tags. Quick Checklist:

- Post title for readers & search engine (Keyword in H1, H2, H3 and Post title)
 - Post Permalink (Stop words free and Keywords in Permalink)
 - Interlinking within post with Anchor text
 - Image Alt text (Keyword)
 - Post meta description (Optimize it for better CTR and use your target keyword once)
 - Post Meta keywords (Could be ignored)
 - Link to on external high MOZrank source.
-

Get Instagram Client Id



Instagram is an online photo, video sharing and social networking service that enables its users to take pictures and videos, and share them on a variety of social networking platforms, such as Facebook, Twitter, Tumblr and Flickr.

What is Instagram Client Id? Instagram Client Id is an encrypted key which is generated from Instagram developer center using Instagram account. Client id is used by application software which is installed on your website or mobile devices.

Why we need Instagram Client Id? Client Id is used via different apps, plugins, software extensions to authenticate application request on Instagram server. These applications use your client id to fetch your Instagram account details like photos, video, account information. When an application requests information from the Instagram server, the server validates the client id and sends all the requested information to the application which is installed on your site. Next, we are explaining how to generate your own Client Id from your own Instagram account.

Just simply follow the step by step tutorial to get your own Instagram client id

Step 1

First go to Instagram developer center. [Click-Here](#) to open URL.

Step 2

After URL opened into new tab you will see same screen as below screenshot. Click on **Login** menu which is highlighted in screenshot.

Instagram

Manage Clients Log in

Search Documentation

Overview

Authentication >

Secure API Requests >

Real-time >

Mobile Sharing >

API Console >

Endpoints >

Limits >

Embedding >

Libraries >

Support >

Platform Developers >

Hello Developers.

The first version of the Instagram API is an exciting step forward towards making it easier for users to have open access to their data. We created it so that you can surface the amazing content Instagram users share every second, in fun and innovative ways.

Build something great.

[Register Your Application](#) then [dive into the documentation](#)

Getting Started

- 1**
- 2**
- 3**

Register

We'll assign an OAuth client_id and client_secret for each of your applications.

Authenticate

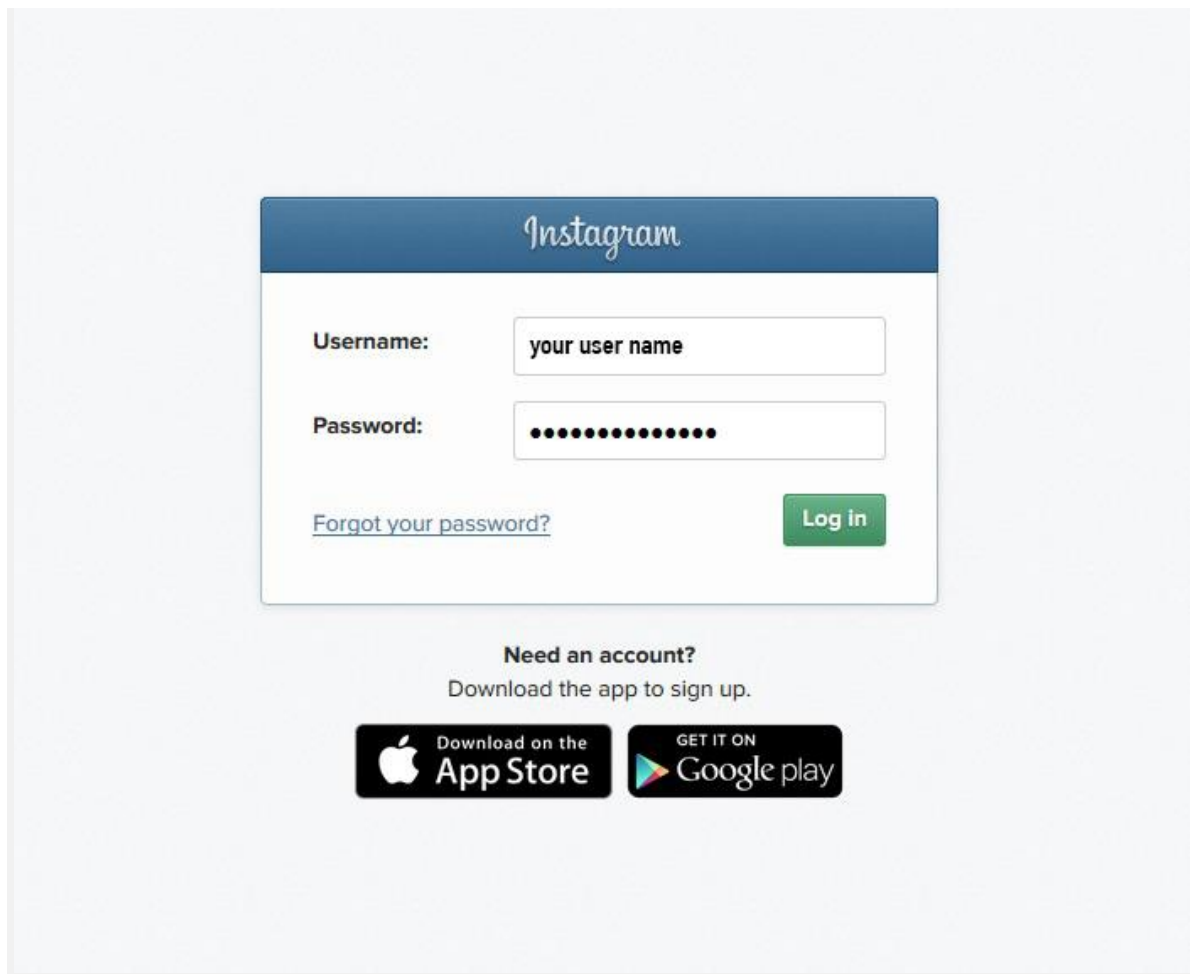
Have our user authenticate and authorize your application with Instagram.

Start making requests!

Make requests to our API Endpoints with your authenticated OAuth credentials.

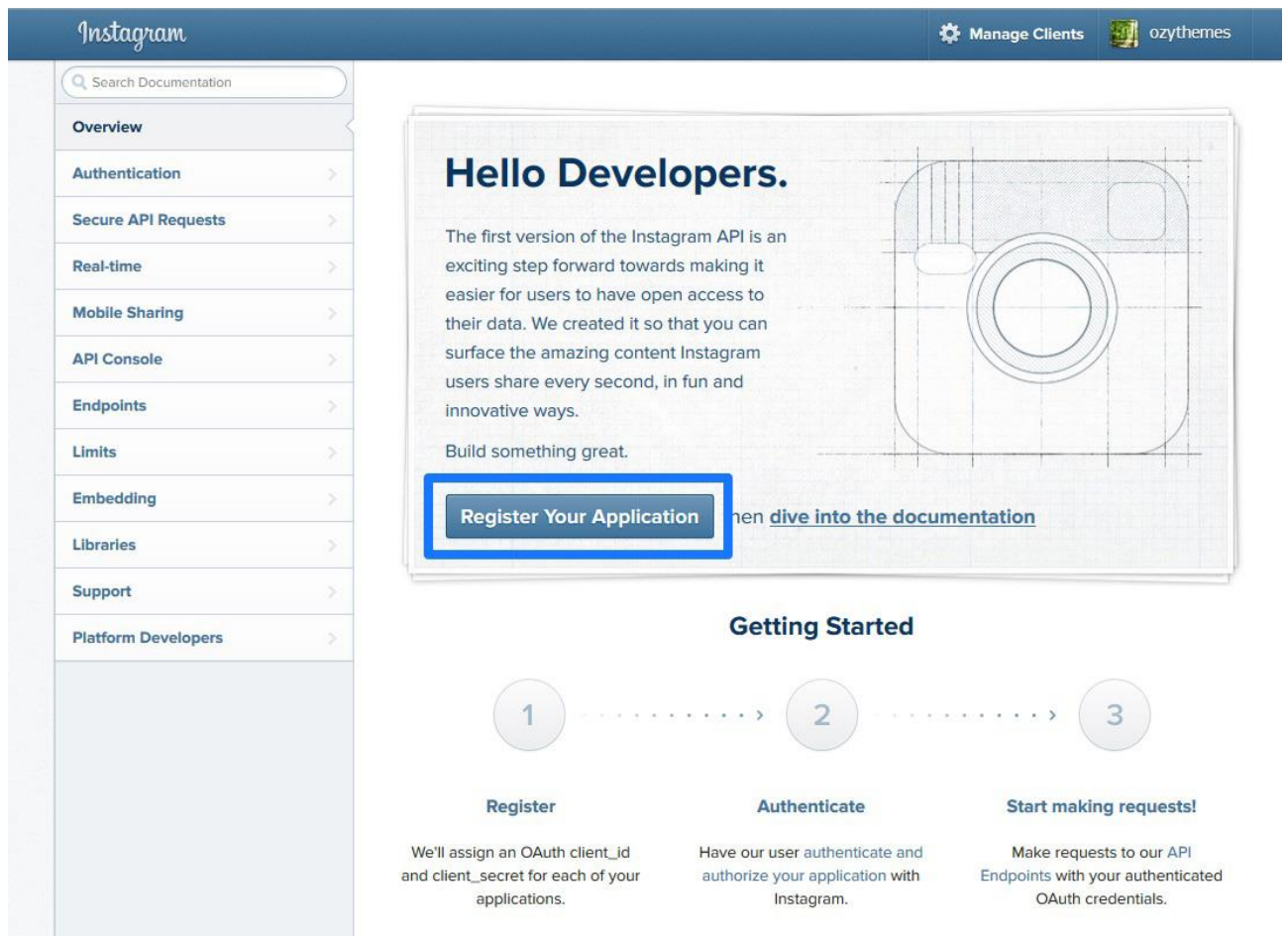
Step 3

After click on login link in menu you will be redirected on login page. Fill your account credentials and click on **Log in** button.



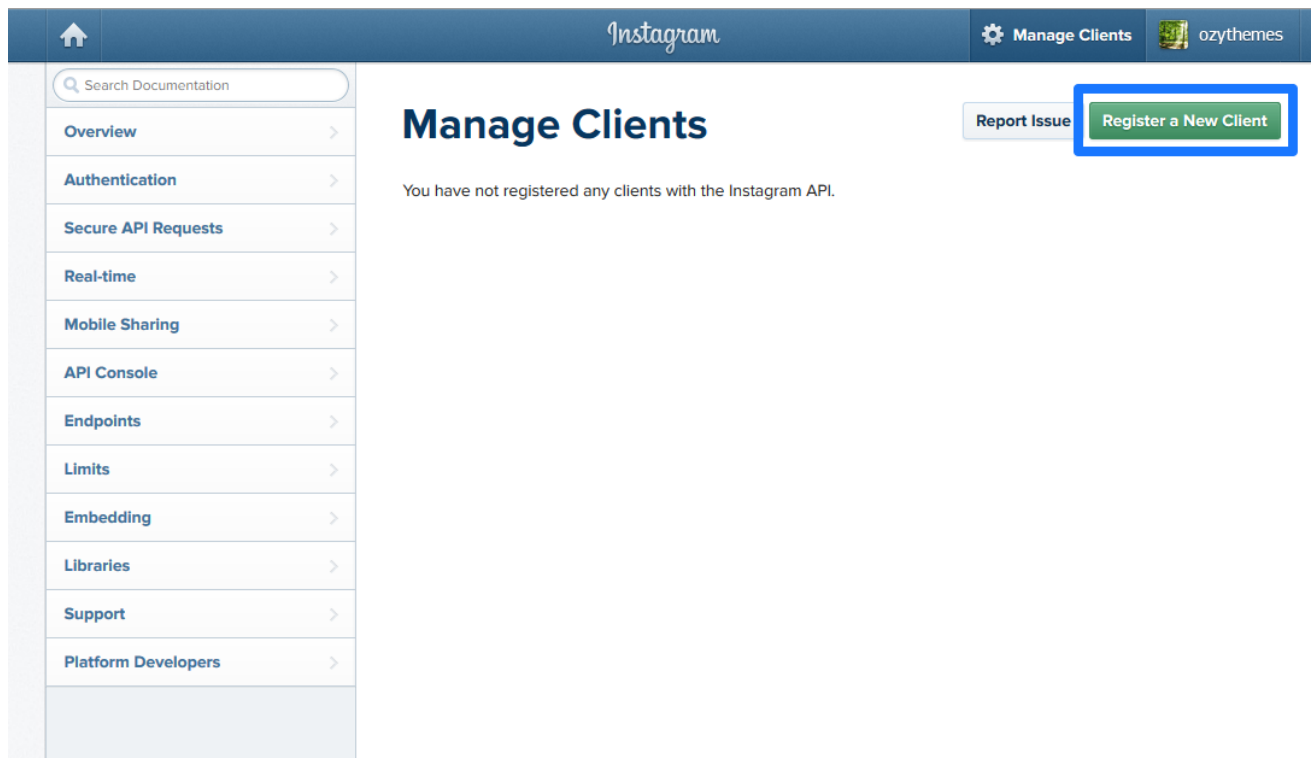
Step 4

After successful login you will see Instagram developer client dashboard. Now, click on **Register Your Application** button which is highlighted in below screenshot.



Step 5

Now you will be redirected to **Mange Clients** page. Here you will find a green color button **Register a New Client**. So, click on it same as screenshot.



Step 6

A **Register a New Client Id** form page will open on same screen. Fill the form details according to your application needs. In this tutorial we are filling the details according to **Instagram Shortcode & Widget WordPress** plugin. And the sample details as below:

1) Application Name – WordPress Plugin (you can define your app name here, but don't use instagram keyword into this field)

2) Description – Instagram WordPress plugin to display your instagram photos on WordPress blog site. (define your app basic working details here)

3) Company Name – Type a company name

4) Website URL – you can provide your site domain URL in this field where you using this app

5) Valid Redirect URI(s) – <http://freevision.me/instagram/callback>

6) Privacy Policy URL – you can provide your site domain URL in this field where you using this app

7) Email – Provide your email address in this field

8) ReCaptcha – enter the captcha code value in this field for secure registration procedure by Instagram.

9) Register – Finally after filling all valid details in form click on register button to complete register.

Note : Do not pass the uncheck **Disable implicit OAuth** on Security tab.

Register new Client ID

Details

Security

Application Name

WordPress Component

Do not use **Instagram**, **IG**, **insta** or **gram** in your app name. Make sure to adhere to the [API Terms of Use and Brand Guidelines](#).

Description

Instagram ~~WordPress~~ component to display your ~~instagram~~ photos on WordPress blog site

Company Name

-TYPE ANYTHING-

Website URL

http://YOUROWNURL.COM

Valid redirect URIs

http://freevision.me/instagram/callback

The redirect uri specifies where we redirect users after they have chosen whether or not to authenticate your application.

Privacy Policy URL

http://YOUROWNURL.COM/PRIVACYPOLICYPAGE

Contact email

you@yourowndomain.com

An email that Instagram can use to get in touch with you. Please specify a valid email address to be notified of important information about your app.



Type the words above: 211

Register

Cancel

Register new Client ID

Details

Security

☐ **Disable implicit OAuth** **Uncheck this**

Disable the Client-Side (Implicit) OAuth flow for web apps. If you check this option, Instagram will better protect your application by only allowing authorization requests that use the Server-Side (Explicit) OAuth flow. The Server-Side flow is considered more secure. See the [Authentication](#) documentation for details.

☐ **Enforce signed requests**

Requires the use of your Client Secret to sign all API requests. Use this option to instruct Instagram to check requests for a signature passed in the 'sig' parameter and validate it. This signature is a SHA256 hash of the endpoint and key/value pairs of all parameters for the request, using the Client Secret. If this option is set, calls with mismatched signatures will fail. This technique helps protect your OAuth Client from impersonation attempts from malicious developers. Only enable this option for server-to-server calls. See the [Secure API Requests](#) documentation for details.



Type the words above: 211

Register

Cancel

Step 7

After successful registration completion you will find your client id as marked in bellow screenshot.

Manage Clients

[Report Issue](#)[Register a New Client](#)

Successfully registered 'WordPress Component'

WordPress Component

DELETERESET SECRETEDIT

CLIENT INFO

CLIENT ID	03fb34aa57d-YOUR CLIEND ID-a5dd064defbf
CLIENT SECRET	41e7389fa4f-YOUR CLIENT SECRET-332e4069340ce
WEBSITE URL	http://freevision.me
REDIRECT URI	http://freevision.me/instagram/callback
SUPPORT EMAIL	team@freevision.me

WordPress Component to display Instagram photos from my account.

Now you can copy and use Client ID in any application. Thanks for reading this article & your feedback and suggestions are appreciated to improve this article.

Hosting

Our themes require that you have WordPress installed and running on a web hosting account. We recommend you use a host trusted by WordPress that has quality products and service. Many users ask us who we recommend and we have two companies to share with you.

[MediaTemple](#) [BlueHost](#)

10 WordPress Security Tips

In line with our serious approach to security, our products are carefully optimized to be as secure as possible. There are, however, still a handful of potential security risks, when running a website, that we have no control over. You, the website owner, need to pay attention to these potential security risks, in order to keep your website safe.

With that in mind, here are 10 things you can do to improve your WordPress security.

1. Change the Database Prefix

A lot of the basic setup stuff for WordPress is the same across lots of sites... especially if you use a one-step install wizard through your webhost. This is super convenient, but lots of common setup values like, your database prefix(es), are known to hackers as a result. If you don't change the database prefix, the table names of your site's database are easily known to the person who trying to hack your site.

```
/**
 * WordPress Database Table prefix.
 *
 * You can have multiple installations in one database if
 * you specify a table prefix. Only numbers, letters, and underscores please!
 */
$table_prefix = 'wp_';
```

2. Protect Your wp-config.php / .htaccess File

As mentioned earlier, the wp-config.php file contains all the confidential details of your site. So it's pretty important that you protect it at all costs. An easy way to protect this file is to simply place the following code in your .htaccess file on your server.

```
1 order allow,deny
2 deny from all
```

We can protect our wp-config.php file as mentioned above, but what about protecting the .htaccess file itself? Don't worry, we can use the same .htaccess file to protect itself from being preyed upon. You just need to place below code in your .htaccess file.

```
1 order allow,deny
2 deny from all
```

3. Strengthen up those passwords

According to [this infographic](#), around 8% of hacked WordPress websites are down to weak passwords. If your WordPress administrator password is anything like 'letmein', 'abc123', or 'password' (all way more common than you might think!), you need to change it to something secure as soon as possible. For a password that's easy to remember but very hard to crack, I recommend coming up with a good [password recipe](#). If you're feeling lazy, you can also use a password manager like [LastPass](#) to remember all your passwords for you. If you use this method, make sure your master password is nice and strong.

4. Never use “admin” as your username

Earlier this year, there was a [spate of brute-force attacks](#) launched at WordPress websites across the web, consisting of repeated login attempts using the username ‘admin’, combined with a bunch of common passwords. If you use “admin” as your username, and your password isn’t strong enough (see #3), then your site is very vulnerable to a malicious attack. It’s [strongly recommended](#) that you change your username to something less obvious. Until version 3.0, installing WordPress automatically created a user with “admin” as the username. This was updated in version 3.0 so you can now choose your own username. Many people still use “admin” as it’s become the standard, and it’s easy to remember. Some web hosts also use auto-install scripts that still set up an ‘admin’ username by default. Fixing this is simply a case of [creating a new administrator account](#) for yourself using a different username, logging in as that new user and deleting the original “admin” account. If you have posts published by the “admin” account, when you delete it, you can assign all the existing posts to your new user account.

5. Hide your username from the author archive URL

Another way an attacker can potentially gain access to your username is via the author archive pages on your site. By default WordPress displays your username in the URL of your author archive page. e.g. if your username is joebloggs, your author archive page would be something like <http://yoursite.com/author/joebloggs> This is less than ideal, for the same reasons explained above for the “admin” username, so it’s a good idea to hide this by changing the user_nicename entry in your database, [as described here](#).

6. Limit Login Attempts

In the case of a hacker or a bot attempting a brute-force attack to crack your password, it can be useful to limit the number of failed login attempts from a single IP address. [Limit Login Attempts](#) does just that, allowing you to specify how many retries will be allowed, and how long an IP will be locked out for after too many failed login attempts. There are ways around this, as some attackers will use a large number of different IP addresses, but it’s still worth doing as an additional precaution.

7. Hide Your WordPress Version

Another good idea is to remove the generator meta for the WordPress. This meta shows the version of your WordPress site. If you have enabled the WordPress version, then hackers will know the security lacking of your website. If you absolutely can not update your WordPress version (tip #1), this is a good failsafe to at least hide the fact that you’re not on the most current version. To do this you need to place below code in function.php of your active theme.

```
1 remove_action('wp_head', 'wp_generator');
```

You can go one step further and additionally remove it from RSS feeds using this:

```
1 function wpt_remove_version() {  
2 return "";  
3 }  
4 add_filter('the_generator', 'wpt_remove_version');
```

The trouble is, if a hacker managed to gain access to your admin panel, they could also edit your files that way, and execute whatever code they wanted to. So it’s a good idea to disable this method of file editing, by adding the following to your **wp-config.php** file:

```
1 define( 'DISALLOW_FILE_EDIT', true );
```

8. Try to avoid free themes

We're confident in the quality and security of our free themes. As a general rule though, it's better to avoid using free themes, if possible, especially if they aren't built by a reputable developer. The main reason for this is that free themes can often contain things like [base64 encoding](#), which may be used to sneakily insert spam links into your site, or other malicious code that can cause all sorts of problems, as shown in [this experiment](#), where 8 out of 10 sites reviewed offered free themes containing base64 code. If you really need to use a free theme, you should only use those developed by trusted theme companies, or those available on the official WordPress.org theme repository. Note: The same logic applies to plugins. Only use plugins that are listed on WordPress.org, or built by a well-established developer.

9. Keep a backup

I can't overemphasize the importance of making regular backups of your website. This is something that many people put off until it's too late. Even with the best security measures at your disposal, you never know when something unexpected could happen that might leave your site open to an attack. If that happens you want to make sure all of your content is safely backed up, so that you can easily restore your site to its former glory. The WordPress Codex tells you exactly how to [backup your site](#), and if that seems like too much hard work, you can use a plugin such as [WordPress Backup to Dropbox](#) to schedule regular automatic backups.

10. Create Custom Secret Keys for Your *wp-config.php* File

All of the confidential details for your WordPress site are stored in the **in your WordPress root directory**. Secret keys are one of the bits of information stored in that file... so make sure you change the default secret keys to something else.

```
/**#@+
 * Authentication Unique Keys and Salts.
 *
 * Change these to different unique phrases!
 * You can generate these using the {
 * |@link https://api.wordpress.org/secret-key/1.1/salt/
 * WordPress.org secret-key service}
 * You can change these at any point in time to invalidate
 * This will force all users to have to log in again.
 *
 * @since 2.6.0
 */
define('AUTH_KEY',                '_jOnZYD&rNd)H0sWgTU6');
define('SECURE_AUTH_KEY',         'c=c7_7x_(&@$5mUaARNF');
define('LOGGED_IN_KEY',           'Ij7Pm$nP$JyQmSQ!xnbp');
define('NONCE_KEY',               'IPgx_x!g0bCZ648IR G-');
define('AUTH_SALT',               'Z$AmUw5vWz5WSGGc_1kx');
define('SECURE_AUTH_SALT',        'Pb$#Sb=Vd8OHx-=$XOqS');
define('LOGGED_IN_SALT',          'Q4D6UT/prSTRfnx62Db@');
define('NONCE_SALT',              'wmTBOSh=6BnOrX!fQ$*n');
```

If you are not sure for what to place in the default values, go to [this link](#), and it will generate the random keys for you.

Further Resources

To learn more about hardening your website's security, please check out these two resources: [http://codex.wordpress.org/Hardening WordPress](http://codex.wordpress.org/Hardening_WordPress) <http://wp.tutsplus.com/tutorials/11-quick-tips-securing-your-wordpress-site> We also recommend Sucuri.net if you are unsure about this topic. Sucuri can help monitor your site, alert you of suspicious activity and even help clean up your site in the case of a malware attack.

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 - Submit changes that you make to FreeVision (though such feedback is encouraged)
-

Licensing

When purchasing LogiPro from ThemeForest, you have two licensing options. The Regular License, and the Extended License. The billing, licensing terms and process is purely handled by [Envato](#) (the company who owns ThemeForest), and we have no control over these aspects. To learn more about what each License is for and which one to purchase, continue reading below.

[Click Here To View License Information](#) [Buy Another LogiPro license!](#)

Common Questions

1. If I need to use LogiPro on a second site, do I need a second license?

Yes. One purchase of LogiPro allows you to use the theme on one finished site. If you need to use it on a second site, it requires you to make a second license purchase.

2. Can I use LogiPro on a test site, then move it to a live site when finished?

Yes, you can. You can keep the theme on a test site to build it, then move it to the live site once you're finished.

3. Can I keep a test site and a live site with one Regular License purchase?

According to the licensing rules set by Envato, this is not allowed. If it is installed in two places permanently, then it requires two licenses.
